









ION; ATRAGEDY,

IN FIVE ACTS.

BY

THOMAS NOONYTALFOURD.

THIRD EDITION.

NEW-YORK:

GEORGE DEARBORN & CO. GOLD STREET. 1837.

N E W - Y O R K : Printed by Scatcherd & Adams, No. 38 Gold Street. LIBRARY UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA SANTA BARBARA

P.R. 5546 IG 1837

ION;

A TRAGEDY.

PERSONS OF THE DRAMA.

ADRASTUS, King of Argos.

MEDON, High Priest of the Temple of Apollo at Argos. CRYTHES, Captain of the Royal Guard.

PHOCION, son of Medon.

CTESIPHON, CASSANDER.

Ion, a foundling youth protected by Medon.

AGENOR, ·

CLEON, sages of Argos.

TIMOCLES,

IRUS, a boy, slave of Agenor.

CLEMANTHE, Medon's daughter.

ABRA, attendant on Clemanthe.

SCENE-Argos.

The TIME of the Action is comprised in one day and night, and the following morning.

PREFACE TO THE AMERICAN EDITION.

WE take great pleasure in placing this beautiful tragedy before the American public. We have, for some months past, been looking with anxiety for its annunciation as in press by one of the houses regularly engaged in the re-publication of modern English works; but, not having met with any such, we have turned a little from our course to gather this new perennial flower of dramatic literature.*

"Ion" has gone through two editions, printed for private distribution among the author's friends, and the copy from which we now publish, is of the second edition on sale in England. We hope to see it pass through as many editions in as short a period of time here, not from any interested motive,—for the profit attendant upon so small a volume is

* We had not heard of a Philadelphia edition until after the above was written, and our's was partly printed.

next to nothing,-but from the pride (which we must be allowed to share with all the admirers of true poetry) of witnessing such an indication of a pure taste in our country. No production of the last five years has been hailed with more general, more unqualified, and more unbiased approbation than "Ion." It was even, contrary to the author's expectation, as completely successful on the stage as in the closet. It was not written with any view to mere stage-effect; it has neither trap nor tinsel; an actor has no excuse in any part for raving and ranting; there is not a single passion in it which will bear being torn to tatters; its movement is not startling and rapid, but is slow, calm and majestic, like a full strain of sacred music. There is but one point which would elicit rounds of applause from modern audiences; the reader will easily discover it; it is so terrific in its concentration of interest, that its perfect representation on the stage would be thrilling beyond conception.

"Ion" is a splendid attempt to recall into the power of life and sympathy the long buried genius of the antique Tragedy of Fate. The plot moves and hinges upon

v

machinery similar to that of the old Greek dramas. The author, in a preface to the private edition, but which does not appear in the public, for what reason we know not, thus writes: "The idea of the principal character, that of a nature essentially pure and disinterested, deriving its strength entirely from goodness and thought, not overcoming evil by the force of will, but escaping it by an insensibility to its approach, vividly conscious of existence and its pleasures, yet willing to lay them down at the call of duty, is scarcely capable of being rendered sufficiently capable in itself, or of being subjected to such agitations as tragedy requires in its heroes. It was necessary, in order to involve such a character, in circumstances • which might excite terror, or grief, or joy, to introduce other machinery than that of passions working naturally within, or events arising from ordinary or palpable motives without, as its own elements would not supply the contests of tragic emotion, nor would its sufferings, however accumulated, present a varied or impressive figure. Recourse has therefore been had, not only to the old Grecian notion of DESTINY, apart from all moral

1*

agencies, and to a *prophecy* indicating its purport in reference to the individuals involved in its chains, but to the idea of *fascination*, as the engine by which FATE may work its purposes on the innocent mind, and force it into terrible action, most uncongenial to itself, but necessary to the issue."

For the story of his tragedy, the author seems to have drawn almost entirely from his own invention. He is indebted for his names, but for none of his facts, to the Classical Dictionary,-that supplying fountain to all sciolists of Greek and Roman letters. Some circumstances of Ion's position indeed at the opening of the scene were suggested by the beautiful "Ion" of Euripides. Like "the fatherless and motherless boy" of the Greek tragedian, he is a foundling, who has been nursed and reared within a temple, and is now employed in the services of the place; but with these exceptions, and that of a few scattered images, the modern author has taken nothing from that particular play. We will not, however, forestall the reader's opinions, but leave him to make his own comparisons and draw his own conclusions

After the production of "Ion," Serjeant Talfourd, like Lord Byron, awoke one morning and found himself famous. No single effort, with the exception of the great poem of the noble bard, has placed its author more immediately and more permanently in the highest rank of literature. Mr. Talfourd, by this tragedy alone, has made his name perpetual, as one of the best poets of the nineteenth century. As some acquaintance with an author always imparts a new interest to his productions, we will make no apology for detaining the reader upon an extract from a late entertaining work,* which describes the first appearance in Parliament, the intellectual character and the person of this new and successful claimant for the amaranth of fame.

"Among the new Liberal members returned at the last election, Mr. SERJEANT TALFOURD was by far the best known. I never knew a man enter Parliament concerning whom I had higher expectations. I had heard him speak repeatedly out of doors, and coupling that with his acknowledged literary attainments, and the burning enthusiasm with which he was known to cherish his principles, I was fully persuaded, in my own

* Random Recollections of the House of Commons. American edition, page 195.

PREFACE TO THE

mind, that his first exhibition would dazzle and delight the house. The event proved I had made a miscalculation. He made his debut the night after Sir William Follett, to whose speech his was chiefly a reply. He spoke for about an hour, but did not, to any extent, gain the attention of the house. Considerable noise, and great listlessness, prevailed all the time. In short, his debut was a complete failure in so far as effect was concerned, though the speech was one of great eloquence and ability. There were many accidental circumstances, it is true, which operated against him. He was, in the first place, most unhappy in the time he chose for addressing the house. It was so early as six o'clock, an hour when no man of any note is ever expected to speak, and when, from the noise and confusion, caused by members entering the house, even the most popular and influential members could hardly insure attention. Then, again, the house was remarkably thin at the time; and nothing can more seriously impair the effect of a good speech, than its delivery when the benches are empty. Lastly, he pitched his voice in too low a key. He spoke no louder than he was accustomed to do in the courts of law, forgetting the house was six times as large, and the members diffused over eight or nine times the space; for in courts of law, all the persons present are generally congregated within a few yards of the counsel. But besides these disadvantageous circumstances, there was something in the matter of the speech, which militated greatly against its enthusiastic, or even favourable reception. It was far

viii

too refined : it was one of the most elaborate and philosophically reasoned I ever heard delivered in the house. There were but few members who, even after the most close attention, would have been able to follow the speaker, and if once you lost the thread of his argument, the rest would have been in a great measure unintelligible to you. It was exactly a speech of that nature, which ought to have been delivered in a quiet, snug room, to a dozen or so of the most philosophical men of the present day. In that case it would have been appreciated : the admiration of it by such an audience would have known no bounds.

Mr. Serjeant Talfourd is poetical and eloquent in the highest degree. His matter almost cloys one with its richness. In beautiful and appropriate imagery, he excels all men I ever heard speak :---I mean in the more carefully wrought passages when speaking on important questions. He is fond of introducing a great deal of scriptural phraseology into his speeches. In his maiden efforts in Parliament, there was much of this. He talked of 'quitting themselves like men,' of being 'knit together in love,' &c. &c.

His second, and I believe, only other speech in the house, was in defence of the Municipal Corporation Bill. It was very short. It did not occupy above ten minutes in the delivery. It was much less refined than the other, and was delivered at a more suitable hour of the evening, and to a house in a more attentive mood. It consequently told with better effect. Still, the reception he met with on the occasion, was not at all equal to what would have been expected by those who have heard him in the courts of law.

In person Mr. Serjeant Talfourd is about the middle size, and well made. His hair is black, and his complexion very dark. His features are small, and his face round. He has the most piercing eyes I ever saw; they have much of what lovers call a languishing expression about them. His face has altogether much of a soft and feminine appearance. He is a man of much kindness of heart, and much affability of manner. I question if there be a man of more cultivated mind in the house. He is about forty years of age."

From the foregoing extract, it appears that a resemblance may likewise be traced between Serjeant Talfourd and Lord Byron in this,—that he has been infinitely more successful as a poet than as an orator.

G. D. & Co.

ION;

A TRAGEDY.

ACT I.

SCENE I.

The Interior of the Temple of Apollo, which is supposed to be placed on a rocky eminence. Early morning. The interior lighted by a single lamp suspended from the roof. AGENOR resting against a column;—IRUS seated on a bench at the side of the scene.

AGENOR comes forward and speaks.

AGENOR.

Will the dawn never visit us? These hours Toil heavy with the unresting curse they bear To do the work of desolating years! All distant sounds are hush'd ;—the shriek of death And the survivors' wail are now unheard, As grief had worn itself to patience. Irus! I 'm loth so soon to break thy scanty rest, But my heart sickens for the tardy morn; Sure it is breaking ;—speed and look—yet hold, Know'st thou the fearful shelf of rock that hangs Above the encroaching waves, the loftiest point That stretches eastward ?

2

IRUS.

Know it? Yes, my Lord; There often have I bless'd the opening day, Which thy free kindness gave me leave to waste In happy wandering through the forests.

AGENOR.

Well,

The art not then afraid to tread it; there The earliest streak from the unrisen sun Is to be welcomed;—tell me how it gleams,— In bloody portent or in saffron hope, And hasten back to slumber.

IRUS.

I shall hasten : Believe not that thy summons broke my rest ; I was not sleeping. [Exit Irus.]

AGENOR.

Heaven be with thee, child ! His grateful mention of delights, bestow'd On that most piteous state of servile childhood, By liberal words chance-dropp'd, hath touch'd a vein Of feeling which I deem'd for ever numh'd, And, by a gush of household memories, breaks The icy casing of that thick despair Which day by day hath gathered o'er my heart, While, basely safe, within this column'd circle, Uplifted far into the purer air And by Apollo's partial love secured,

[Act I.

I have, in spirit, glided with the Plague, As in foul darkness or in sickliest light It wafted death through Argos; and mine cars, Listening athirst for any human sound, Have caught the dismal cry of confused pain, Which to this dizzy height the fitful wind Hath borne from each sad quarter of the vale Where life was.

Re-enter Irus.

Are there signs of day-break?

IRUS.

None;

The eastern sky is still unbroken gloom.

AGENOR.

It cannot surely be. Thine eyes are dim (No fault of thine) for want of rest, or now I look upon them near, with scalding tears. Hath care alighted on a head so young ! What grief hast thou been weeping ?

IRUS.

Pardon me; I never thought at such a mournful time To plead my humble sorrow in excuse Of poorly-render'd service; but my brother— Thou mayst have noted him,—a sturdy lad, With eye so merry and with foot so light That none could chide his gamesomeness—fell sick But yesterday, and died in my weak arms Ere I could seek for stouter aid : I hoped That I had tanght my grief to veil its signs From thy observant care; but when I stood Upon the well-known terrace where we loved, Arm link'd in arm, to watch the gleaning sails—

ION; A TRAGEDY.

Act. I.

His favourite pastime,—for he burn'd to share A seaman's hardy lot,—my tears would flow, And I forgot to dry them. But I see Cleon is walking yonder; let me call him; For sure 'twill cheer thy heart to speak with him.

AGENOR.

Call him, good youth, and then go in to sleep, Or, if thou wilt, to weep. [Exit Inus. I envy thee The privilege, but Jupiter forfend That I should rob thee of it !

Enter Cleon.

CLEON.

Hail, Agenor !

Dark as our lot remains, 'tis comfort yet To find thy age unstricken.

. .

AGENOR.

Rather mourn

That I am destined still to linger here In strange unnatural strength, while death is round me. I chide these sinews that are framed so tough Grief cannot palsy them; I chide the air Which round this citadel of nature breathes With sweetness not of this world; I would share The common grave of my dear countrymen And sink to rest, while all familiar things Old custom has endear'd are failing with me, Rather than shiver on in life behind them : Nor should these walls detain me from the paths Where death may be embraced, but that my word, In a rash moment plighted to our host, Forbids me to depart without his license, Which firmly he refuses.

CLEON.

Do not chide me If I rejoice to find the generous Priest Means, with Apollo's blessing, to preserve The treasure of thy wisdom ;—nay, he trusts not To promises alone ; his gates are barr'd Against thy egress :—none, indeed, may pass them Save the youth Ion, to whose earnest prayer His foster-father grants reluctant leave To visit the sad city at his will : And freely does he use the dangerous boon, Which, in my thought, the love that cherish'd him,— Since he was found within the sacred grove Smiling amidst the storm, a most rare infant,— Should have had sternness to deny.

AGENOR.

What, Ion

The only inmate of this fane allow'd To seek the mournful walks where death is busy !---Ion, our sometime darling, whom we prized As a stray gift, by bounteous Heaven dismiss'd From some bright sphere which sorrow may not cloud To make the happy happier ! Is he sent To grapple with the miseries of this time, Whose nature such ethereal aspect wears As it would perish at the touch of wrong? By no internal contest is he train'd For such hard duty; no emotions rude Have his clear spirit vanquish'd ;-Love, the germ Of his mild nature, hath spread graces forth, Expanding with its progress, as the store Of rainbow colour which the seed conceals \ Sheds out its tints from its dim treasury, To flush and circle in the flower. No tear Hath fill'd his eye save that of thoughtful joy When, in the evening stillness, lovely things

2*

ION; A TRAGEDY.

Press'd on his soul too busily ; his voice, If, in the earnestness of childish sports, Raised to the tone of anger, check'd its force, As if it fear'd to break its being's law, And falter'd into music ; when the forms Of guilty passion have been made to live In pictur'd speech, and others have wax'd loud In righteous indignation, he hath heard With sceptic smile, or from some slender vein Of goodness, which surrounding gloom conceal'd, Struck sunlight o'er it : so his life hath flow'd From its mysterious urn a sacred stream, In whose calm depth the beautiful and pure Alone are mirror'd; which, though shapes of ill May hover round its surface, glides in light, And takes no shadow from them.

CLEON.

Yet, methinks, Thou hast not lately met him, or a change Pass'd strangely on him had not miss'd thy wonder. His form appears dilated; in those eyes, Where pleasure danced, a thoughtful sadness dwells. Stern purpose knits the forehead, which till now Knew not the passing wrinkle of a care : Those limbs, which in their heedless motion own'd A stripling's playful happiness, are strung As if the iron hardship of the camp Had given them sturdy nature ; and his step, Its airiness of yesterday forgotten, Awakes the cchoes of these desola... courts, As if a warrior of heroic mould Paced them in armour.

AGENOR.

Hope is in thy tale. This is no freak of Nature's wayward course, [Act I.

ION; A TRAGEDY.

Scene I.]

⁶ But work of pitying Heaven ; for not in vain The gods have pour'd into that guileless heart The strengths that nerve the hero ;—they are ours.

CLEON.

How can he aid us? Can he stay the pulse Of ebbing life,—arrest the infected winds, Or smite the hungry spectre of the grave?

AGENOR.

And dost thou think these breezes are our foes,---The innocent airs that used to dance around us, As if they felt the blessings they convey'd, Or that the death they bear is casual? No ! 'Tis human guilt that blackens in the cloud, Flashes athwart its mass in jagged fire, Whirls in the hurricane, pollutes the air, Turns all the joyous melodies of earth To murmurings of doom. There is a foe Who in the glorious summit of the state Draws down the great resentment of the gods, Whom he defies to strike us ;-yet his power Partakes that just infirmity which Nature Blends in the empire of her proudest sons-That it is cased within a single breast, And may be pluck'd thence by a single arm. Let but that arm, selected by the gods, Do its great office on the tyrant's life, And Argos breathes again !

CLEON.

A footstep !—hush ! Thy wishes, falling on a slavish ear, Would tempt another outrage : 'tis a friend— An honest though a crabbed one—Timocles : Something hath ruffled him.—Good day, Timocles ! [Timocles passes in front. He will not speak to us.

AGENOR.

But he *shall* speak. Timocles—nay then, thus I must enforce thee ; [staying him. Sure thou wilt not refuse a comrade's hand

That may be cold ere sunset.

TIMOCLES. [giving his hand.

Thow mayest school me; Thy years and love have license; but I own not A stripling's mastery; is 't fit, Agenor?

AGENOR.

Nay, thou must tell thy wrong : whate'er it prove, I hail thy anger as a hopeful sign, For it revives the thought of household days, When the small bickerings of friends had space To fret, and Death was not forever nigh To frown upon Estrangement. What has moved thee ?

TIMOCLES.

I blush to tell it. Weary of the night And of my life, I sought the western portal : It opened, when ascending from the stair That through the rock winds spiral from the town, Ion, the foundling cherish'd by the Priest, Stood in the entrance : with such mild command As he has often smilingly obey'd, I bade him stand aside and let me pass ; When—wouldst thou think it ?—in determined speech He gave me counsel to return : I press'd Impatient onward : he, with honicd phrase His daring act excusing, grasp'd my arm With strength resistless ; led me from the gate ; Replaced its ponderous bars ; and, with a look As modest as he wore in childhood, left me. Scene I.]

AGENOR.

And thou wilt thank him for it soon ; he comes— Now hold thy angry purpose if thou canst !

Enter Ion.

ION.

I seek thee, good Timoeles, to implore Again thy pardon. I am young in trust, And fear lest, in the earnestness of love, I stayed thy course too rudely. Thou hast borne My childish folly often,—do not frown If I have ventur'd with unmanner'd zeal To guard the ripe experiences of years From one rash moment's danger.

TIMOCLES.

Leave thy care. If I am weary of the flutterer life, Is mortal bidding thus to cage it in ?

ION.

And art thou tired of being ? Has the grave No terrors for thee ? Hast thou sunder'd quite Those thousand meshes which old custom weaves To bind us earthward, and gay fancy films With airy lustre various ? Hast subdued Those cleavings of the spirit to its prison, Those nice regards, dear habits, pensive memories, That change the valour of the thoughtful breast To brave dissimulation of its fears ? Is Hope quench'd in thy boson ? Thou art free, And in the simple dignity of man Standest apart untempted :—do not lose The great occasion thou hast pluck'd from misery, Nor play the spendthrift with a great despair, But use it nobly !

TIMOCLES.

What, to strike ? to slay ?

ION.

No !--- not unless the audible voice of Heaven Call thee to that dire office ; but to shed On ears abused by falsehood, truths of power In words immortal,-not such words as flash From the fierce demagogue's unthinking rage To madden for a moment and expire,-Nor such as the rapt orator imbues With warmth of facile sympathy, and moulds To mirrors radiant with fair images, To grace the noble fervour of an hour ;---But words which bear the spirit of great deeds Wing'd for the Future ; which the dying breath Of Freedom's martyr shapes as it exhales, And to the most enduring forms of earth Commits-to linger in the craggy shade Of the huge valley, 'neath the eagle's home, Or in the sea-cave where the tempest sleeps. Till some heroic leader bid them wake To thrill the world with echoes !- But I talk Of things above my grasp, which strangely press Upon my soul, and tempt me to forget The duties of my youth ;--pray you forgive me.

TIMOCLES.

Have I not said so ?

AGENOR.

Welcome to the morn ! The eastern gates unfold, the Priest approaches ;

[As AGENOR speaks, the great gates at the back of the scene open; the sca is discovered far beneath,—the dawn breaking over it; MEDON, the Priest, enters attended.] Scene I.]

And lo ! the sun is struggling with the gloom, Whose masses fill the eastern sky, and tints Its edges with dull red ;—but he *will* triumph; Bless'd be the omen !

MEDON.

God of light and joy, Once more delight us with thy healing beams ! If I may trace thy language in the clouds That wait upon thy rising, help is nigh— But help achieved in blood.

ION.

Sayst thou in blood?

MEDON.

Yes, Ion !---why, he sickens at the word, Spite of his new-born strength ;---the sights of woe That he will seek have shed their paleness on him. Has this night's walk shown more than common sorrow ?

ION.

I pass'd the palace where the frantic king Yet holds his crimson revel, whence the roar Of desperate mirth came, mingling with the sigh Of death-subdued robustness, and the gleam Of festal lamps 'mid spectral columns hung, Flaunting o'er shapes of anguish, made them ghastlier. How can I cease to tremble for the sad ones He mocks—and him the wretchedest of all ?

TIMOCLES.

And canst thou pity him ? Dost thou discern, Amidst his impious darings, plea for him ?

ION.

Is he not childless, friendless, and a king? He's human; and some pulse of good must live Within his nature—have ye tried to wake it?

MEDON.

Yes; I believe he felt our sufferings once; When at my strong entreaty, he despatch'd Phocion my son to Delphos, there to seek Our cause of sorrow; but, as time dragg'd on Without his messenger's return, he grew Impatient of all counsel,—to his palace In awful mood retiring, wildly call'd The reckless of his court to share his stores And end all with him. When we dared disturb His dreadful feastings with a humble prayer That he would meet us, the poor slave, who bore The message, flew back smarting from the scourge, And muttered a decree that he who next Unbidden met the tyrant's glance should die.

AGENOR.

I am prepared to brave it.

CLEON.

So am I.

TIMOCLES.

And I---

ION.

O Sages, do not think my prayer Bespeaks unseemly forwardness—send me! The coarsest reed that trembles in the marsh, If Heaven select it for its instrument,

Scene I.]

May shed celestial music on the breeze As clearly as the pipe whose virgin gold Befits the lip of Phœbus ;—ye are wise, And needed by your country ; ye are fathers : I am a lone stray thing, whose little life By strangers' bounty cherish'd, like a wave That from the summer sea a wanton breeze Lifts for a moment's sparkle, will subside, Light as it rose, nor leave a sigh in breaking.

MEDON.

Ion, no sigh !

ION.

Forgive me if I seem'd To doubt that thou wilt mourn me if I fall; Nor would I tax thy love with such a fear, But that high promptings, which could never rise Spontaneous in my nature, bid me plead Thus boldly for the mission.

MEDON.

My brave boy ! It shall be as thou wilt. I see thou 'rt call'd To this great peril, and I will not stay thee. When wilt thou be prepared to seek it ?

ION.

Now.

Only before I go, thus, on my knee, Let me in one word thank thee for a life Made by thy love a cloudless holiday; And O, my more than father ! let me look Up to thy face as if indeed a father's, And give me a son's blessing.

3

MEDON.

Bless thee, son ! I should be marble now; let 's part at once.

ION.

If I should not return, bless Phocion from me; And, for Clemanthe—may I speak one word, One parting word with my fair playfellow?

MEDON.

If thou wouldst have it so, thou shalt.

ION.

Farewell then ! Your prayers wait on my steps. The arm of Heaven I feel in life or death will be around me.

[Exit.

MEDON.

O grant it be in life! Let 's to the sacrifice. [Exeunt.

SCENE II.

An apartment of the Temple. Enter CLEMANTHE, followed by ABRA.

CLEMANTHE.

Is he so changed?

ABRA.

His bearing is so alter'd, That, distant, I scarce knew him for himself; [Act I.

But, looking in his face, I felt his smile Gracious as ever, though its sweetness wore Unwonted sorrow in it.

CLEMANTHE.

He will go

To some high fortune, and forget us all, Reclaim'd (be sure of it) by noble parents; Me he forgets already; for five days, Five melancholy days, I have not seen him.

ABRA.

Thou know'st that he has privilege to range The infected city; and, 'tis said, he spends The hours of needful rest in squalid hovels Where death is most forsaken.

CLEMANTHE.

Why is this ? Why should my father, niggard of the lives Of aged men, be prodigal of youth So rich in glorious prophecy as his ?

ABRA.

He comes to answer for himself. I'll leave you.

[Exit.

CLEMANTHE.

Stay! Well my heart may guard its secret best By its own strength.

Enter Ion.

ION.

How fares my pensive sister ?

CLEMANTHE.

How should I fare but ill when the pale hand

Draws the black foldings of the eternal curtain Closer and closer round us—Phocion absent— And thou, forsaking all within thy home, Wilt risk thy life with strangers, in whose aid Even thou canst do but little ?

ION.

It is little: But in these sharp extremities of fortune, The blessings which the weak and poor can scatter Have their own season. 'Tis a little thing To give a cup of water; yet its draught Of cool refreshment, drain'd by fever'd lips, May give a shock of pleasure to the frame More exquisite than when nectarean juice Renews the life of joy in happiest hours. It is a little thing to speak a phrase Of common comfort which by daily use Has almost lost its sense; yet on the ear Of him who thought to die unmourn'd 'twill fall Like choicest music; fill the glazing eye With gentle tears ; relax the knotted hand To know the bonds of fellowship again ; And shed on the departing soul a sense More precious than the benison of friends About the honor'd deathbed of the rich, To him who else were lonely, that another Of the great family is near and feels.

CLEMANTHE.

Oh, thou canst never bear these mournful offices ! So blithe, so merry once ! Will not the sight Of frenzied agonies unfix thy reason, Or the dumb woe congeal thee ?

ION.

No, Clemanthe ; They are the patient sorrows that touch nearest !

[Act I.

If thou hadst seen the warrior, when he writhed In the last grapple of his sinewy frame, With conquering anguish, strive to cast a smile (And not in vain) upon his fragile wife, Waning beside him,—and, his limbs composed, The widow of the moment fix her gaze Of longing, speechless love, upon the babe, The only living thing which yet was hers, Spreading its arms for its own resting-place, Yet with attenuated hand wave off The unstricken child, and so embraceless die, Stifling the mighty hunger of the heart; Thou couldst endure the sight of selfish grief In sullenness or frenzy;—but to-day Another lot falls on me.

CLEMANTHE.

Thou wilt leave us ! I read it plainly in thy alter'd mien ;— Is it for ever ?

ION.

That is with the gods! I go but to the palace, urged by hope, Which from afar hath darted on my soul, That to the humbleness of one like me The haughty king may listen.

CLEMANTHE.

To the palace ! Knowest thou the peril—nay, the certain issue That waits thee ? Death !—The tyrant has decreed it, Confirmed it with an oath ; and he has power To keep that oath ; for, hated as he is, The reckless soldiers who partake his riot Are swift to do his bidding.

3*

[Act I.

ION.

I know all;

But they who call me to the work can shield me, Or make me strong to suffer.

CLEMANTHE.

Then the sword

Falls on thy neck ! O Gods ! to think that thou, Who in the plenitude of youthful life Art now before me, ere the sun decline, Perhaps in one short hour, shalt lie cold, cold, To speak, smile, bless no more !—Thou shalt not go !

ION.

Thou must not stay me, fair one; even thy father, Who (blessings on him!) loves me as his son, Yields to the will of Heaven.

CLEMANTHE.

And he can do this ! I shall not bear his presence if thou fallest By his consent ; so shall I be alone.

ION.

Phocion will soon return, and juster thoughts Of thy admiring father close the gap Thy old companion left behind him.

CLEMANTHE.

Never ! What will to me be father, brother, friends, When thou art gone—the light of our life quench'd— Haunting like spectres of departed joy The home where thou wert dearest ?

ION.

Thrill me not

With words that, in their agony, suggest A hope too ravishing, or my head will swim, And my heart faint within me.

CLEMANTHE.

Has my speech Such blessed power ? I will not mourn it then, Though it hath told a secret I had borne Till death in silence :—how affection grew To this, I know not ;—day succeeded day, Each fraught with the same innocent delights, Without one shock to ruffle the disguise Of sisterly regard which veil'd it well, Till thy changed mien reveal'd it to my soul, And thy great peril makes me bold to tell it. Do not despise it in me !

ION.

With deep joy

Thus I receive it. Trust me, it is long Since I have learn'd to tremble midst our pleasures, Lest I should break the golden dream around me With most ungrateful rashness. I should bless The sharp and perilous duty which hath press'd A life's deliciousness into these moments,— Which here must end. I came to say farewell, And the word must be said.

CLEMANTHE.

Thou canst not mean it ! Have I disclaim'd all maiden bashfulness, To tell the cherish'd secret of my soul To my soul's master, and in rich return Obtain'd the dear assurance of his love, To hear him speak that miserable word I cannot—will not echo ?

ION; A TRAGEDY.

ION.

Heaven has call'd me, And I have pledged my honour. When thy heart Bestow'd its preference on a friendless boy, Thou didst not image him a recreant; nor Must he prove so, by thy election crown'd. Thou hast endowed me with the right to claim Thy help through this our journey, be its course Lengthen'd to age, or in an hour to end, And now I ask it !—bid my courage hold, And with thy free approval send me forth In soul apparell'd for my office !

CLEMANTHE.

Go !

I would not have thee other than thou art, Living or dying—and if thou shouldst fall—

ION.

Be sure I shall return.

CLEMANTHE.

If thou shouldst fall, **I shall be happier as the affianced bride** Of thy cold ashes, than in proudest fortunes— Thine—ever thine— [she faints in his arms.

ION. [calls.]

Abra !—So best to part— [Enter Abra. Let her have air; be near her through the day; I know thy tenderness—should ill news come Of any friend, she will require it all. (ABRA bears CLEMANTHE out. Ye Gods, that have enrich'd the life ye claim With priceless treasure, strengthen me to yield it ! [Eait.

[Act I.

ACT II.

SCENE I.

A Terrace of the Palace.

ADRASTUS, CRYTHES.

ADRASTUS.

The air breathes freshly after our long night Of glorious revelry. I'll walk awhile.

CRYTHES.

It blows across the town; dost thou not fear It bear infection with it?

ADRASTUS.

Fear! dost talk

Of fear to me? I deem'd even thy poor thoughts Had better scann'd their master. Prithee tell me In what act, word, or look, since I have borne Thy converse here, hast thou discern'd such baseness As makes thee bold to prate to me of fear?

CRYTHES.

My liege, of human might all know thee fearless, But may not heroes shun the elements When sickness taints them ?

ADRASTUS.

Let them blast me now !--I stir not; tremble not; these massive walls, Whose date o'erawes tradition, gird the home Of a great race of kings, along whose line The eager mind lives aching, through the darkness Of ages else unstoried, till its shapes Of armed sovereigns spread to godlike port, And, frowning in the uncertain dawn of time, Strike awe, as powers who ruled an elder world, In mute obedience. I, sad heriter Of all their glories, feel our doom is nigh; And I will meet it as befits their fame; Nor will I vary my selected path The breadth of my sword's edge, nor check a wish, If such unkingly yielding might avert it.

CRYTHES.

Thou art ever royal in thy thoughts.

ADRASTUS.

No more— [Exit Crythes.

I would be private.

Grovelling parasite ! Why should I waste these fate-environ'd hours, And pledge my great defiance to despair With flatterers such as thou ;—as if my joys Required the pale reflections cast by slaves In mirror'd mockery round my throne, or lack'd The aid of reptile sympathies to stream Through fate's black pageantry ? Let weakness seek Companionship : I'll henceforth feast alone.

Enter a Soldier.

SOLDIER.

My liege, forgive me.

Scene I.]

ADRASTUS.

Well! Speak out at once

Thy business, and retire.

SOLDIER.

I have no part In the presumptuous message that I bear.

ADRASTUS.

Tell it, or go. There is no time to waste On idle terrors.

SOLDIER.

Thus it is, my lord :---As we were burnishing our arms, a man Entered the court, and when we saw him first Was tending towards the palace; in amaze, We hailed the rash intruder; still he walked Unheeding onward, till the western gate Barr'd further course; then turning, he besought Our startled band to herald him to thee, That he might urge a message which the sages Had charged him to deliver.

ADRASTUS.

Ha! the greybeards Who, mid the altars of the gods, conspire To cast the image of supernal power From earth its shadow consecrates. What sage Is so resolved to play the orator That he would die for 't ?

SOLDIER.

He is but a youth, Yet urged his prayer with a sad constancy Which could not be denied.

ADRASTUS.

Most bravely planned ! Sedition worthy of the reverend host Of sophist traitors; brave to scatter fancies Of discontent midst sturdy artisans, Whose honest sinews they direct unseen, And make their proxies in the work of peril !— 'Tis fit, when burning to insult their king, And warned that pleasure must be bought with life, Their valour send a boy to speak their wisdom ! Thou know'st my last decree; tell this rash youth, The danger he incurs ;—then let him pass, And own the king more gentle than his masters.

SOLDIER.

We have already told him of the fate Which waits his daring; courteously he thank'd us, But still with solemn accent urged his suit.

ADRASTUS.

Tell him once more, if he persists, he dies— Then, if he will, admit him. Should he hold His purpose, order Crythes to conduct him, And see the headsman instantly prepare To do his office. [Exit k

[Exit Soldier.

So resolved, so young— "Twere pity he should fall; yet he *must* fall, Or the great sceptre, which has sway'd the fears Of ages, will become a common staff For youth to wield or age to rest upon, Despoil'd of all its virtues. He *must* fall, Else they who prompt the insult will grow bold, And with their pestilent vauntings through the city Raise the low fog of murky discontent, Which now creeps harmless through its marshy birthplace, Scene I.]

ION; A TRAGEDY.

To veil my setting glories. He is warn'd; And if he cross yon threshold, he shall die.

Enter Crythes and Ion.

CRYTHES.

The king!

ADRASTUS.

Stranger, I bid thee welcome; We are about to tread the same dark passage, Thou almost on the instant.—Is the sword

[To Crythes.

Of justice sharpen'd and the headsman ready?

CRYTHES.

Thou mayst behold them plainly in the court; Even now the solemn soldiers line the ground; The steel gleams on the altar; and the slave Disrobes himself for duty.

ADRASTUS. [To Ion.]

Dost thou see them ?

ION.

I do.

ADRASTUS.

By Heaven, he does not change ! If, even now, thou wilt depart and leave Thy traitorous thoughts unspoken, thou art free.

ION.

I thank thee for thy offer ; but I stand Before thee for the lives of thousands, rich In all that makes life precious to the brave ;

ION; A TRAGEDY.

Who perish not alone, but in their fall Break the far-spreading tendrils that they feed, And leave them nurtureless. If thou wilt hear me For them, I am content to speak no more.

ADRASTUS.

Thou hast thy wish then. Crythes! till yon dial Cast its thin shadow on the approaching hour, I hear this gallant traitor. On the instant, Come without word, and lead him to his doom. Now leave us.

CRYTHES.

What, alone ?

ADRASTUS.

He is no assassin !

Yes, slave ! alone. [Exit Crythes.

Tell me who thou art.

What generous source owns that heroic blood, Which holds its course thus bravely ? What great wars Have nursed the courage that can look on death, Certain and speedy death, with placid eye ?

ION.

I am a simple youth, who never bore The weight of armour,—one who may not boast Of noble birth or valour of his own. Deem not the powers—which nerve me thus to speak In thy great presence, and have made my heart Upon the verge of bloody death as calm, As equal in its beatings, as when sleep Approach'd me nestling from the sportive toils Of thoughtless childhood, and celestial dreams Began to glimmer through the deepening shadows Of soft oblivion,—to belong to me !—

 $\mathbf{26}$

[Act II.

These are the strengths of Heaven; to thee they speak Bid thee to hearken to thy people's cry, Or warn thee that thy hour must shortly come !

ADRASTUS.

I know it must; so mayst thou spare thy warnings. The envious gods in me have doom'd a race, Whose glories stream from the same cloud-girt founts, Whence their own dawned upon the infant world; And I shall sit on my ancestral throne To meet their vengeance; but till then I rule As I have ever ruled, and thou wilt feel.

ION.

I will not further urge thy safety to thee; It may be, as thou sayst, too late; nor seek To make thee tremble at the gathering curse Which shall burst forth in mockery at thy fall: But thou art gifted with a nobler sense-I know thou art, my sovereign !--sense of pain Endured by myriad Argives, in whose souls, And in whose fathers' souls, thou and thy fathers Have kept their cherish'd state; whose heartstrings, still The living fibres of thy rooted power, Quiver with agonies thy crimes have drawn From heavenly justice on them.

ADRASTUS.

How! my crimes?

ION.

Yes; 'tis the eternal law, that where guilt is, Sorrow shall answer it; and thou hast not A poor man's privilege to bear alone, Or in the narrow circle of his kinsmen, The penalties of evil, for in thine

27

ION; A TRAGEDY.

A nation's fate lies circled.—King Adrastus! Steel'd as thy heart is with the usages Of pomp and power, a few short summers since Thou wert a child, and canst not be relentless. Oh, if maternal love embraced thee then, Think of the mothers who with eyes unwet Glare o'er their perishing children : hast thou shared The glow of a first friendship, which is born Midst the rude sports of boyhood, think of youth Smitten amidst its playthings ;—let the spirit Of thy own innocent childhood whisper pity !

ADRASTUS.

In every word thou dost but steel my soul. My youth was blasted ;—parents, brother, kin— All that should people infancy with joy— Conspired to poison mine; despoil'd my life Of innocence and hope—all but the sword And sceptre—dost thou wonder at me now ?

ION.

I know that we should pity-

ADRASTUS.

Pity ! dare To speak that word again, and torture waits thee ! I am yet king of Argos. Well, go on— Thy time is short, and I am pledged to hear.

ION.

If thou hast ever loved-

ADRASTUS.

Beware! beware!

ION.

Thou hast! I see thou hast! Thou art not marble,

 $\mathbf{28}$

And thou shalt hear me !-- Think upon the time When the clear depths of thy yet lucid soul Were ruffled with the troublings of strange joy, As if some unseen visitant from heaven Touch'd the calm lake and wreath'd its images In sparkling waves ;--recall the dallying hope That on the margin of assurance trembled, As loth to lose in certainty too bless'd Its happy being ;---taste in thought again Of the stolen sweetness of those evening walks, When pansied turf was air to winged feet, And circling forests by ethereal touch Enchanted, wore the livery of the sky, As if about to melt in golden light Shapes of one heavenly vision; and thy heart, Enlarged by its new sympathy with one, Grew bountiful to all !

ADRASTUS.

That tone ! that tone ! Whence came it ? from thy lips ? It cannot be— The long-hush'd music of the only voice That ever spake unbought affection to me, And waked my soul to blessing !—O sweet hours Of golden joy, ye come ! your glories break Through my pavilion'd spirit's sable folds ! Roll on ! Roll on !—Stranger, thou dost enforce me To speak of things unbreathed by lip of mine To human ear :—wilt listen ?

ION.

As a child.

ADRASTUS.

Again ! that voice again !---thou hast seen me moved As never mortal saw me, by a tone

4*

Which some light breeze, enamour'd of the sound, Hath wafted through the woods, till thy young voice Caught it to rive and melt me. At my birth This city, which, expectant of its Prince, Lay hush'd, broke out in clamorous ecstacies; Yet, in that moment, while the uplifted cups Foam'd with the choicest product of the sun, And welcome thundered from a thousand throats, My doom was seal'd. From the hearth's vacant space, In the dark chamber where my mother lay, Faint with the sense of pain-bought happiness, Came forth, in heart-appalling tone, these words, Of me, the nurseling-"Woe unto the babe ! "Against the life which now begins shall life "Lighted from thence be arm'd, and, both soon quench'd.

"End this great line in sorrow !"—Ere I grew Of years to know myself a thing accursed, A second son was born, to steal the love Which fate had else scarce rifled : he became My parent's hope, the darling of the crew Who lived upon their smiles, and thought it flattery To trace in every foible of my youth— A prince's youth !—the workings of the curse; My very mother—Jove ! I cannot bear To speak it now—look'd freezingly upon me !

ION.

But thy brother---

ADRASTUS.

Died. Thou hast heard the lie, The common lie that every peasant tells Of me his master,—that I slew the boy. 'Tis false! One summer's eve, below a crag Which, in his wilful mood, he strove to climb, He lay a mangled corpse : the very slaves, Whose cruelty had shut him from my heart,

 $\mathbf{30}$

Scene I.]

Now coin'd their own injustice into proofs To brand me as his murderer.

ION.

Did they dare

Accuse thee?

ADRASTUS.

Not in open speech :---they felt I should have seized the miscreant by the throat, And crush'd the lie half-spoken with the life Of the base speaker ;---but the tale look'd out From the stolen gaze of coward eyes, which shrank When mine had met them; murmur'd through the crowd That at the sacrifice, or feast, or game Stood distant from me; burnt into my soul When I beheld it in my father's shudder !

ION.

Didst not declare thy innocence?

ADRASTUS.

To whom?

To parents who could doubt me? To the ring Of grave impostors, or their shallow sons, Who should have studied to prevent my wish Before it grew to language; hail'd my choice To service as a prize to wrestle for; And whose reluctant courtesy I bore, Pale with proud anger, till from lips compress'd The blood has started? To the common herd, The vassals of our ancient house, the mass Of bones and muscles framed to till the soil A few brief years, then rot unnamed beneath it, Or, deck'd for slaughter at their master's call, To smite and to be smitten, and lie crush'd In heaps to swell his glory or his shame ? Answer to them: No! though my heart had burst, As it was nigh to bursting !—To the mountains I fled, and on their pinnacles of snow Breasted the icy wind, in hope to cool My spirit's fever—struggled with the oak In search of weariness, and learn'd to rive Its stubborn boughs, till limbs once lightly strung Might mate in cordage with its infant stems; Or on the sea-beat rock tore off the vest Which burnt upon my bosom, and to air Headlong committed, clove the water's depth Which plummet never sounded ;—but in vain.

ION.

Yet succour came to thee?

ADRASTUS.

A blessed one ! Which the strange magic of thy voice revives, And thus unlocks my soul. My rapid steps Were in a wood-encircled valley stayed By the bright vision of a maid, whose face, Most lovely, more than loveliness reveal'd In touch of patient grief, which dearer seem'd Than happiness to spirit sear'd like mine. With feeble hands she strove to lay in earth The body of her aged sire, whose death Left her alone. I aided her sad work, And soon two lonely ones by holy rites Became one happy being. Days, weeks, months, In stream-like unity flow'd silent by us In our delightful nest. My father's spies-Slaves, whom my nod should have consign'd to stripes Or the swift falchion-track'd our sylvan home Just as my bosom knew its second joy, And, spite of fortune, I embraced a son.

[Act II.

32

ION.

Urged by thy trembling parents to avert That dreadful prophecy ?

ADRASTUS.

Fools! did they deem Its worst accomplishment could match the ill Which they wrought on me? It had left unharm'd A thousand ecstacies of passion'd years, Which, tasted once, live ever, and disdain Fate's iron grapple ! Could I now behold That son with knife uplifted at my heart, A moment ere my life-blood followed it, I would embrace him with my dying eyes, And pardon destiny ! While jocund smiles Wreathed on the infant's face, as if sweet spirits Suggested pleasant fancies to its soul, The ruffians broke upon us; seized the child; Dash'd through the thicket to the beetling rock 'Neath which the deep wave eddies : I stood still As stricken into stone : I heard him cry, Press'd by the rudeness of the murderer's gripe, Severer ill unfearing-then the splash Of waters that shall cover him for ever; And could not stir to save him !

ION.

And the mother-

ADRASTUS.

She spake no word, but clasped me in her arms, And lay her down to die. A lingering gaze Of love she fixed on me, none other loved— And so passed hence. By Jupiter, her look ! Her dying patience glimmers in thy face ! She lives again ! She looks upon me now ! There's magic in 't. Bear with me—I am childish.

Scene I.]

Enter Crythes and Guards.

ADRASTUS.

Why art thou here?

CRYTHES.

The dial points the hour.

ADRASTUS.

Dost thou not see that horrid purpose pass'd? Hast thou no heart—no sense?

CRYTHES.

Scarce half an hour Hath flown since the command on which I wait.

ADRASTUS.

Scarce half an hour !---years--years have roll'd since then.

Begone ! remove that pageantry of death— It blasts my sight—and hearken ! Touch a hair Of this brave youth, or look on him as now With thy cold headsman's eye, and yonder band Shall not expect a fearful show in vain. Hence without word. [Exit Crythes.

What wouldst thou have me do?

ION.

Let thy awaken'd heart speak its own language; Convene thy Sages;—frankly, nobly meet them; Explore with them the pleasure of the gods, And, whatsoe'er the sacrifice, perform it.

ADRASTUS.

Well ! I will seek their presence in an hour ;

Scene II.]

Go summon them, young hero : hold ! no word Of the strange passion thou hast witness'd here.

ION.

Distrust me not.—Benignant Powers, I thank ye ! [Exit.

ADRASTUS.

Yet stay—he 's gone—his spell is on me yet ; What have I promised him ? 'To meet the men Who from my living head would strip the crown And sit in judgment on me ?—I must do it— Yet shall my band be ready to o'erawe The course of liberal speech, and, if it rise So as too loudly to offend my ear, Strike the rash brawler dead !—What idle dream Of long-past days had melted me ? It fades— It vanishes—I am again a king !

SCENE II.

The Interior of the Temple.

[Same as ACT I. SCENE I.]

[CLEMANTHE seated—ABRA attending her.]

ABRA.

Look, dearest lady !—the thin smoke aspires In the calm air, as when in happier times It show'd the gods propitious; wilt thou seek Thy chamber, lest thy father and his friends Returning, find us hinderers of their council ? She answers not—she hearkens not—with joy

ION; A TRAGEDY.

Could I believe her, for the first time, sullen ! Still she is wrapt.

[Enter Agenor.]

O speak to my sweet mistress ; Haply thy voice may rouse her.

AGENOR.

Dear Clemanthe, Hope dawns in every omen; we shall hail Our tranquil hours again.

Enter MEDON, CLEON, TIMOCLES, and others.

MEDON.

Clemanthe here !

How sad! how pale!

ABRA.

Her eye is kindling-hush !

CLEMANTHE.

Hark! hear ye not a distant footstep?

MEDON.

No.

Look round, my fairest child; thy friends are near thee.

CLEMANTHE.

Yes !—now 'tis lost—'tis on that endless stair— Nearer and more distinct—'tis his—'tis his— He lives ! he comes !

[CLEMANTHE rises, and rushes to the back of the stage, at which IoN appears and returns with her.]

Here is your messenger,

Whom Heaven has rescued from the tyrant's rage Ye sent him forth to brave. Rejoice, old men, That ye are guiltless of his blood !---why pause ye, Why shout ye not his welcome ?

MEDON.

Dearest girl, This is no scene for thee; go to thy chamber, I'll come to thee ere long.

Exeunt Clemanthe and Abra. She is o'erwrought

By fear and joy for one whose infant hopes Were mingled with her own, even as a brother's.

TIMOCLES.

Ion !

How shall we do thee honour?

TON.

None is due Save to the gods whose gracious influence sways The king ye deem'd relentless ;-he consents To meet ye presently in council : speed; This may be nature's latest rally in him, In fitful strength, ere it be quench'd for ever !

MEDON.

Haste to your seats; I will but speak a word With our brave friend, and follow : though convened In speed, let our assembly lack no forms Of due observance, which to furious power Plead with the silent emphasis of years. [Exeunt all but Medon and Ion. Ion, draw near me; this eventful day Hath shown thy nature's graces circled round With firmness which accomplishes the hero ;--

And it would bring to me but one proud thought— That virtues which required not culture's aid Shed their first fragrance 'neath my roof, and there Found shelter ;—but it also hath reveal'd What I may not hide from thee, that my child, My blithe and innocent girl—more fair in soul, More delicate in fancy than in mould— Loves thee with other than a sister's love. I should have cared for this : I vainly deem'd A fellowship in childhood's thousand joys And household memories had nurtured friendship Which might hold blameless empire in the soul ; But in that guise the traitor hath stolen in, And the fair citadel is thinc.

ION.

'Tis true. I did not think the nurseling of thy house Could thus disturb its holiest inmate's duty With tale of selfish passion ;—but we met As playmates who might never meet again, And then the hidden truth flashed forth, and show'd To each the image in the other's soul In one bright instant.

MEDON.

Be that instant blest Which made thee truly ours. My son ! my son ! 'Tis we should feel uplifted, for the seal Of greatness is upon thee ; yet I know That when the gods, won by thy virtues, draw The veil which now conceals their lofty birthplace, Thou wilt not spurn the maid who prized them lowly.

ION.

Spurn her ! My father !

Act II.

Enter Ctesiphon.

MEDON.

Ctesiphon !—and breathless— Art come to chide me to the council ?

CTESIPHON."

No;

To bring unwonted joy; thy son approaches.

MEDON.

Thank Heaven ! Hast spoken with him ? Is he well ?

CTESIPHON.

I strove in vain to reach him, for the crowd, Roused from the untended couch and dismal hearth By the strange visiting of hope, press'd round him ! But, by his head erect and fiery glance, I know that he is well, and that he bears A message which shall shake the tyrant. [Shouts.] See ! The throng is tending this way—now it parts, And yields him to thy arms.

Enter Phocion.

MEDON.

Welcome, my Phocion— Long waited for in Argos; how detain'd Now matters not, since thou art here in joy. Hast brought the answer of the god ?

PHOCION.

I have:

Now let Adrastus tremble !

MEDON.

May we hear it?

39

[Act II.

PHOCION.

I am sworn first to utter it to him.

CTESIPHON.

But it is fatal to him !- Say but that !

PHOCION.

Ha, Ctesiphon !—I mark'd thee not before ; How fares thy father ?

ION. [To Phocion.]

Do not speak of him.

CTESIPHON. [overhearing Ion.]

Not speak of him! Dost think there is a moment When common things eclipse the burning thought Of him and vengeance ?

PHOCION.

Has the tyrant's sword-

CTESIPHON.

No, Phocion; that were merciful and brave Compared to his base deed; yet will I tell it To make the flashing of thine eye more deadly, And edge thy words that they may rive his heart-strings. The last time that Adrastus dared to face The Sages of the state, although my father, Yielding to nature's mild decay, had left All worldly toil and hope, he gather'd strength, In his old seat, to speak one word of warning. Thou know'st how bland with years his wisdom grew, And with what phrases, steep'd in love, he sheath'd The sharpness of rebuke ; yet, ere his speech Was closed, the tyrant started from his throne, And with his base hand smote him ;—'twas his deathstroke !

The old man totter'd home, and only once Raised his head after.

PHOCION.

Thou wert absent? Yes! The royal miscreant lives!

CTESIPHON.

Had I beheld That saerilege, the tyrant had lain dead, Or I had been torn piecemeal by his minions. But I was far away : when I return'd, I found my father on the nearest bench Within our door, his thinly silver'd head Supported by wan hands, which hid his face And would not be withdrawn ;---no groan, no sigh Was audible, and we might only learn By short convulsive tremblings of his frame That life still flicker'd in it-yet at last, By some unearthly inspiration roused, He dropp'd his wither'd hands, and sat erect As in his manhood's glory-the free blood Flush'd crimson through his cheeks, his furrow'd brow Expanded clear, and his eyes opening full Gleam'd with a youthful fire ;---I fell in awe Upon my knees before him-still he spake not, But slowly raised his arm untrembling; clench'd His hand as if it grasp'd an airy knife, And struck in air : my hand was join'd with his In nervous grasp-my lifted eye met his In steadfast gaze-my pressure answer'd his-We knew at once each other's thought ; a smile Of the old sweetness play'd upon his lips, And life forsook him. Weaponless I flew To seek the tyrant, and was driven with scoffs

5*

Scene II.]

ION; A TRAGEDY.

From the proud gates which shelter him. He lives-And I am here to babble of revenge !

PHOCION.

It comes, my friend-haste with me to the king !

ION.

Even while we speak, Adrastus meets his council; There let us seek him: should ye find him touch'd With penitence, as happily ye may, O give allowance to his soften'd nature !

CTESIPHON.

Show grace to him !-Dost dare ?-I had forgot, Thou dost not know how a son loves a father !

ION.

I know enough to feel for thee; I know Thou hast endured the vilest wrong that tyranny In its worst frenzy can inflict ;---yet think, O think ! before the irrevocable deed Shuts out all thought, how much of power's excess Is theirs who raise the idol :---do we groan Beneath the personal force of this rash man, Who forty summers since hung at the breast A playful weakling; whom the heat unnerves, The north wind pierces; and the hand of death May, in a moment, change to clay as vile As that of the scourged slave whose chains it severs ? No! 'tis our weakness gasping, or the shows Of outward strength that builds up tyranny, And makes it look so glorious :---If we shrink Faint-hearted from the reckoning of our span Of mortal days, we pamper the fond wish For long duration in a line of kings : If the rich pageantry of thoughts must fade

42

[Act II.

All unsubstantial as the regal hues Of eve which purpled them, our cunning frailty Must robe a living image with their pomp, And wreathe a diadem around its brow, In which our sunny fantasies may live Empearl'd, and gleam, in fatal splendour, far On after ages. We must look within For that which makes us slaves ;---on sympathies Which find no kindred objects in the plain Of common life-affections that aspire In air too thin-and fancy's dewy film Floating for rest; for even such delicate threads, Gather'd by fate's engrossing hand, supply The eternal spindle whence she weaves the bond Of cable strength in which our nature struggles !

CTESIPHON.

Go talk to others if thou wilt ;---to me All argument, save that of steel, is idle.

MEDON.

No more ;-let 's to the council-there, my son, Tell thy great message nobly ;---and for thee, Poor orphan'd youth, be sure the gods are just !

[Exeunt.

SCENE III.

The great Square of the City. ADRASTUS seated on a throne; AGENOR, TIMOCLES, CLEON, and others, seated as Councillors-Soldiers line the stage at a distance.

ADRASTUS.

Upon your summons, Sages, I am here; Your king attends to know your pleasure ; speak it !

43

AGENOR.

And canst thou ask? If the heart dead within thee Receives no impress of this awful time, Art thou of sense forsaken ? Are thine ears So charm'd by strains of slavish minstrelsy That the dull groan and frenzy-pointed shriek Pass them unheard to Heaven? Or are thine eyes So conversant with prodigies of grief, They cease to dazzle at them? Art thou arm'd 'Gainst wonder, while, in all things, Nature turns To dreadful contraries ;---while Youth's full cheek Is shrivell'd into furrows of sad years, And 'neath its glossy curls untinged by care Looks out a keen anatomy ;- while Age Is stung by feverish torture for an hour Into youth's strength; while fragile Womanhood Starts into frightful courage, all unlike The gentle strength its gentle weakness feeds To make affliction beautiful, and stalks Abroad, a tearless, an unshuddering thing ;-While Childhood, in its orphan'd freedom blithe, Finds, in the shapes of wretchedness which seem Grotesque to its unsadden'd vision, cause For dreadful mirth that shortly shall be hush'd In never-broken silence; and while Love, Immortal through all change, makes ghastly Death Its idol, and with furious passion digs Amid sepulchral images for gauds To cheat its fancy with ?-Do sights like these Glare through the realm thou shouldst be parent to, And canst thou find the voice to ask "our pleasure ?"

ADRASTUS.

Cease, babbler ;---wherefore would ye stun my ears With vain recital of the griefs I know, And cannot heal ?---will treason turn aside / The shafts of fate, or medicine Nature's ills ? I have no skill in pharmacy, nor power To sway the elements.

AGENOR.

Thou hast the power To cast thyself upon the earth with us In penitential shame; or, if this power Hath left a heart made weak by luxury And hard by pride, thou hast at least the power To cease the mockery of thy frantic revels.

ADRASTUS.

I have yet power to punish insult-look I use it not, Agenor !---Fate may dash My sceptre from me, but shall not command My will to hold it with a feebler grasp; Nay, if few hours of empire yet are mine, They shall be colour'd with a sterner pride, And peopled with more lustrous joys than flush'd In the serene procession of its greatness, Which look'd perpetual, as the flowing course Of human things. Have ye beheld a pine-That clasp'd the mountain-summit with a root As firm as its rough marble, and, apart From the huge shade of undistinguish'd trees, Lifted its head as in delight to share The evening glories of the sky, and taste The wanton dalliance of the heavenly breeze That no ignoble vapour from the vale Could mingle with-smit by the flaming marl, And lighted for destruction? How it stood One glorious moment, fringed and wreathed with fire-Which show'd the inward graces of its shape, Uncumber'd now, and midst its topmost boughs, That young Ambition's airy fancies made Their giddy nest,-leap'd sportive ; never clad By liberal summer in a pomp so rich

[Act II.

As waited on its downfall, while it took The storm-cloud roll'd behind it for a curtain To gird its splendours round, and made the blast Its minister to whirl its flashing shreds Aloft towards heaven, or to the startled depths Of forests that afar might share its doom ! So shall the royalty of Argos pass In festal blaze to darkness ! Have ye spoken ?

AGENOR.

I speak no more to thee !-Great Jove, look down !

[Shouting without.]

ADRASTUS.

What factious brawl is this ?---disperse it, soldiers.

[Shouting renewed—As some of the soldiers are about to march, Phocion rushes in, followed by CTESIPHON, ION, and MEDON.]

Whence is this insolent intrusion ?

PHOCION.

King !

I bear Apollo's answer to thy prayer.

ADRASTUS.

Has not thy travel taught thy knee its duty ? Here we had school'd thee better.

PHOCION.

Kneel to thee !

MEDON.

Patience, my son!

1! Do homage to the king.

PHOCION.

ADRASTUS.

Peace! speak thy message.

PHOCION.

Shall I tell it here ? Or shall I seek thy couch at dead of night, And breathe it in low whispers ?—As thou wilt.

ADRASTUS.

Here-and this instant !

PHOCION.

Hearken then, Adrastus, And hearken, Argives-thus Apollo speaks !

[Reads a scroll.]

"Argos ne'er shall find release "Till her monarch's race shall cease."

ADRASTUS.

'Tis not God's will, but man's sedition speaks :---

Guards! tear that lying parchment from his hands, And bear him to the palace.

MEDON.

Touch him not,— He is Apollo's messenger, whose lips Were never stain'd with falsehood.

PHOCION.

Come on, all!

AGENOR.

Surround him, friends! Die with him!

ADRASTUS.

Soldiers, charge Upon these rebels; hew them down. On, on !

[The soldiers advance and surround the people; they seize Phocion. Ion rushes from the back of the stage, and throws himself between Adrastus and Phocion.]

PHOCION to ADRASTUS.

Yet I defy thee.

ION.

[To Phocion.] Friend! for sake of all, Enrage him not-wait while I speak a word-[To Adrastus.] My sovereign, 1 implore thee do not stain
This sacred place with blood; in Heaven's great name I do conjure thee---and in hers, whose spirit Is mourning for thee now !

[Act II.

48

ADRASTUS.

Release the stripling— Let him go spread his treason where he will : He is not worth my anger. To the palace !

ION.

Nay, yet an instant !—let my speech have power From Heaven to move thee further : thou hast heard The sentence of the god, and thy heart owns it. If thou wilt cast aside this cumbrous pomp, And in seclusion purify thy soul Long fever'd and sophisticate, the gods May give thee space for penitential thoughts : If not—as surely as thou standest here, Wilt thou lie stiff and weltering in thy blood.— The vision presses on me now.

ADRASTUS.

Art mad? Resign my state? Sue to the gods for life, The common life which every slave endures, And meanly clings to? No; within yon walls I shall resume the banquet, never more Broken by man's intrusion. Councillors, Farewell !—go mutter treason till ye perish !

Exeunt Adrastus, Crythes, and Soldiers.

Ion, who stands apart leaning on a pedestal.

"Tis seal'd !

MEDON.

Let us withdraw, and strive By sacrifice to pacify the gods !

[Medon, Agenor, and Councillors retire; they leave Ctesiphon, Phocion, and Ion. Ion still stands apart, as wrapt in meditation.]

6

CTESIPHON.

'Tis well; the measure of his guilt is fill'd. Where shall we meet at sunset?

PHOCION.

In the grove Which with its matted shade imbrowns the vale. Between those buttresses of rock that guard The sacred mountain on its western side, Stands a rude altar—overgrown with moss, And stain'd with drippings of a million showers, So old, that no tradition names the power That hallow'd it,—which we will consecrate Anew to freedom and to justice.

CTESIPHON.

Thither

 Will I bring friends to meet thee.
 Shall we speak

 To yon rapt youth ?
 [pointing to Ion.

PHOCION.

His nature is too gentle. At sunset we will meet.—With arms?

CTESIPHON.

A knife---

One sacrificial knife will serve.

PHOCION.

At sunset !

[Exeunt Ctesiphon and Phocion severally.

Ion comes forward.

ION.

O wretched man, thy words have seal'd thy doom !

Why should I shiver at it, when no way, Save this, remains to break the ponderous cloud That hangs above my wretched country ?---death---A single death, the common lot of all, Which it will not be mine to look upon,---And yet its ghastly shape dilates before me; I cannot shut it out ; my thoughts grow rigid, And as that dim and prostrate figure haunts them, My sinews stiffen like it. Courage, Ion ! No spectral form is here; all outward things Wear their own old familiar looks; no dye Pollutes them. Yet the air has scent of blood, And now it eddies with a hurtling sound, As if some weapon swiftly clove it. No-The falchion's course is silent as the grave That yawn before its victim. Gracious powers ! If the great duty of my life be near, Grant it may be to suffer, not to strike ! [Exit.

END OF ACT II.

ACT III.

SCENE I.

A terrace of the Temple.

CLEMANTHE, ION.

CLEMANTHE.

Nay, I must chide this sorrow from thy brow, Or 'twill rebuke my happiness ;—I know Too well the miseries that hem us round ; And yet the inward sunshine of my soul, Unclouded by their melancholy shadows, Bathes in its deep tranquillity one image— One only image, which no outward storm Can ever ruffle. `Let me wean thee, then, From this vain pondering o'er the general woe, Which makes my joy look ugly.

ION.

No, my fair one, The gloom that wrongs thy love is unredeem'd By generous sense of others' woe : too sure It rises from dark presages within, And will not from me.

CLEMANTHE.

Then it is most groundless ! Hast thou not won the blessings of the perishing Scene I.]

By constancy, the fame of which shall live While a heart beats in Argos ?—hast thou not Upon one agitated bosom pour'd The sweetest peace ? and can thy generous nature, While it thus sheds felicity around it, Remain itself unbless'd ?

ION.

I strove awhile To think the assured possession of thy love With too divine a burthen weigh'd my heart And press'd my spirits down ;-but 'tis not so ; Nor will I with false tenderness beguile thee, By feigning that my sadness has a cause So exquisite. Clemanthe ! thou wilt find me A sad companion ;---I, who knew not life, Save as the sportive breath of happiness, Now feel my minutes teeming, as they rise, With grave experiences; I dream no more Of azure realms where restless beauty sports In myriad shapes fantastic ; but black vaults In long succession open till the gloom Afar is broken by a streak of fire That shapes my name-the fearful wind that moans Before the storm articulates its sound ; And as I pass'd but now the solemn range Of Argive monarchs, that in sculptured mockery Of present empire sit, their eyes of stone Bent on me instinct with a frightful life That drew me into fellowship with them, As conscious marble; while their ponderous lips-Fit organs of eternity-unclosed, And, as I live to tell thee, murmur'd "Hail! Hail ! ION THE DEVOTED !"

CLEMANTHE.

These are fancies, 6* Which thy soul, late expanded with great purpose, Shapes, as it quivers to its natural circle In which its joys should lurk, as in the bud The cells of fragrance cluster. Bid them from thee, And strive to be thyself.

ION.

I will do so ! I 'll gaze upon thy loveliness, and drink Its quiet in ;—how beautiful thou art !— My pulse throbs now as it was wont ;—a being, Which owns so fair a glass to mirror it, Cannot show darkly.

CLEMANTHE.

We shall soon be happy; My father will rejoice to bless our love, And Argos waken ;—for her tyrant's course Must have a speedy end.

ION.

It must ! It must !

CLEMANTHE.

Yes; for no empty talk of public wrongs Assails him now; keen hatred and revenge Are roused to crush him.

ION.

Not by such base agents May the august lustration be achieved : He who shall cleanse his country from the guilt For which Heaven smites her, should be pure of soul, Guileless as infancy, and undisturb'd By personal anger as thy father is,

54

Scene I.]

When, with unswerving hand and piteous eye, He stops the brief life of the innocent kid Bound with white fillets to the altar ;—so Enwreathed by fate the royal victim heaves, And soon his breast shall shrink beneath the knife Of the selected slayer !

CLEMANTHE.

'Tis thyself

Whom thy strange language pictures-Ion! thou-

ION.

She has said it ! Her pure lips have spoken out What all things intimate ;—didst thou not mark *Me* for the office of avenger—*me*?

CLEMANTHE.

No ;—save from the wild picture that thy fancy— Thy o'erwrought fancy drew; I thought it look'd Too like thee, and I shudder'd.

ION.

CLEMANTHE.

'Twill away in sleep.

ION.

No, no ! I dare not sleep—for well I know That then the knife will gleam, the blood will gush, The form will stiffen !—I will walk awhile In the sweet evening light, and try to chase These fearful images away.

[Act III.

CLEMANTHE.

Let me

Go with thee. Oh, how often hand in hand In such a lovely light have we roam'd westward Aimless and blessed, when we were no more Than playmates : surely we are not grown stranger Since yesterday !

ION.

No, dearest, not to-night : The plague yet rages fiercely in the vale, And I am placed in grave commission here To watch the gates ;—indeed thou must not pass ; I will be merrier when we meet again,— Trust me, my love, I will ; farewell ! [Exit' Ion.

CLEMANTHE.

Farewell then ! How fearful disproportion shows in one Whose life hath been all harmony ! He bends Towards that thick covert where in blessed hour My father found him,—which has ever been . His chosen place of musing. Shall I follow ? Am I already grown a selfish mistress, To watch his solitude with jealous eye, And claim him all ? Then let me never be— Yet danger from within besets him now, Known to me only—I will follow him !

Exit.

SCENE II.

An opening in a deep wood—in front an old grey altar.

Enter Ion.

ION.

O winding pathways, o'er whose scanty blades Of unaspiring grass mine eyes have bent-So often-when by musing fancy sway'd, That craved alliance with no wider scene Than your fair thickets border'd, but was pleased To deem the toilsome years of manhood flown, And, on the pictured mellowness of age Idly reflective, image my return From careful wanderings, to find ye gleam With unchanged aspect on a heart unchanged, And melt the busy past to a sweet dream As then the future was ;---why should ye now Echo my steps with melancholy sound As ye were conscious of a guilty presence? The lovely light of eve, that, as it waned, Touch'd ye with softer, homelier look, now fades In dismal blackness; and yon twisted root Of ancient trees, with whose fantastic forms My thoughts grew humorous, look terrible, As if about to start to serpent life, And hiss around me ;---whither shall I turn ?---Where fly ?--- I see the myrtle-cradled spot Where human love instructed by divine Found and embraced me first ; I 'll cast me down Upon that earth as on a mother's breast, In hope to feel myself again a child. [Ion goes into the wood.

Enter Ctesiphon, Cassander, and other Argive youths.

CTESIPHON.

Sure this must be the place that Phocion spoke of ;— The twilight deepens, yet he does not come. Oh, if instead of idle dreams of freedom, He knew the sharpness of a grief like mine, He would not linger thus !

CASSANDER.

The sun's broad disk Of misty red, a few brief minutes since, Sank 'neath the leaden wave ; but night steals on With rapid pace to veil us, and thy thoughts Are eager as the favouring darkness.

Enter Phocion.

CTESIPHON.

Welcome !

[Act III.

Thou know'st all here.

PHOCION.

Yes; I rejoice, Cassander, To find thee my companion in a deed Worthy of all the dreamings of old days, When we, two rebel youths, grew safely brave In visionary perils. We 'll not shame Our young imaginations. Ctesiphon, We look to thee for guidance in our aim.

CTESIPHON.

I bring you glorious news. There is a soldier, Who, in his reckless boyhood, was my comrade, And though by taste of luxury subdued Even to brook the tyrant's service, burns With generous anger to avenge that grief I bear above all others. He has made

The retribution sure. From him I learnt That when Adrastus reach'd his palace court, He paused, to struggle with some mighty three Of passion; then call'd eagerly for wine, And bade his soldiers share his choicest stores. And snatch, like him, a day from Fortune. Soon, As one worn out by watching and excess, He stagger'd to his couch, where now he lies Oppress'd with heavy sleep, while his loose soldiers, Made by the fierce carousal vainly mad Or grossly dull, are scatter'd through the courts Unarm'd and cautionless. The eastern portal Is at this moment open; by that gate We all may enter unperceived, and line The passages which gird the royal chamber, While one blest hand within completes the doom Which Heaven pronounces. Nothing now remains, But that as all would share this action's glory, We join in one great vow, and choose one arm Our common minister. Oh, if these sorrows Confer on me the office to return Upon the tyrant's shivering heart the blow Which crush'd my father's spirit, I will leave To him who cares for toys the patriot's laurel And the applause of ages !

PHOCION.

Let the gods By the old course of lot reveal the name Of the predestined champion. For myself, Here do I solemnly devote all powers Of soul and body to that glorious purpose We live but to fulfil.

CTESIPHON.

And I!

CASSANDER.

And I!

ION,

[Who has advanced from the wood, rushes to the altar, and exclaims]

And I!

PHOCION.

Most welcome ! The serenest powers of justice, In prompting thy unspotted soul to join Our bloody councils, sanctify and bless them !

ION.

The gods have prompted me; for they have given One dreadful voice to all things which should be Else dumb or musical; and I rejoice To step from the grim round of waking dreams Into this fellowship which makes all clear. Wilt trust me, Ctesiphon ?

CTESIPHON.

Yes; but we waste • The precious minutes in vain talk : if lots Must guide us, have ye scrolls?

PHOCION.

Cassander has them : The flickering light of yonder glade will serve him To inscribe them with our names. Bc quick, Cassander !

CTESIPHON.

I wear a casque, beneath whose iron circlet My father's dark hairs whiten'd; let it hold The names of his avengers !

[Ctesiphon takes off his helmet and gives it to Cassander, who retires with it.]

Scene II.]

PHOCION. [to Ctesiphon.]

He whose name

Thou shalt draw first shall fill the post of glory. Were it not also well, the second name Should designate another charged to take The same great office, if the first should leave His work imperfect ?

CTESIPHON.

There can scarce be need; Yet as thou wilt. May the first be mine; I will leave little for a second arm! [Cassander returns with the helmet.

CTESIPHON.

Now, gods, decide ! [Ctesiphon draws a lot from the helmet.

PHOCION.

The name? Why dost thou pause?

CTESIPHON.

'Tis Ion !

ION.

Well I knew it would be mine ! [Ctesiphon draws another lot.

CTESIPHON.

Phocion! it will be thine to strike *him* dead If he should prove faint-hearted.

PHOCION.

With my life

I 'll answer for his constancy.

CTESIPHON, [to Ion.]

Thy hand !

'Tis cold as death.

ION.

Yes; but it is as firm.

What ceremony next?

[Ctesiphon leads Ion to the altar, and gives him a knife.]

CTESIPHON.

Receive this steel, For ages dedicate in my sad home To sacrificial uses; grasp it nobly, And consecrate it to untrembling service Against the king of Argos and his race.

ION.

His race ! Is he not left alone on earth ? He hath no brother, and no child.

CTESIPHON.

Such words The god hath used who never speaks in vain.

PHOCION.

There were old rumours of an infant born And strangely vanishing; —a tale of guilt, Half-hush'd, perchance distorted in the hushing, And by the wise scarce heeded, for they deem'd it One of a thousand guilty histories, Which, if the walls of palaces could speak, Would show that, nursed by prideful luxury, To pamper which the virtuous peasant toils, Crimes grow unpunish'd which the pirates' nest, Or want's foul hovel, or the cell which justice Keeps for unlicensed guilt, would startle at! We must root out the stock, that no stray scion Renew the tree, whose branches, stifling virtue, Shed poison-dews on joy.

[Ion approaches the altar, and, lifting up the knife, speaks.]

Ye eldest gods, Who in no statues of exactest form Are palpable; who shun the azure heights Of beautiful Olympus, and the sound Of ever-young Apollo's minstrelsy ; Yet, mindful of the empire which ye held Over dim Chaos, keep revengeful watch On falling nations, and on kingly lines About to sink for ever; ye, who shed Into the passions of earth's giant brood And their fierce usages the sense of justice ; Who clothe the faded battlements of tyranny With blackness as a funeral pall, and breathe Through the proud halls of time-embolden'd guilt Portents of ruin, hear me !- In your presence, For now I feel ye nigh, I dedicate This arm to the destruction of the king And of his race ! O keep me pitiless; Expel all human weakness from my frame, That this keen weapon shake not when his heart Should feel its point; and if he has a child Whose blood is needful to the sacrifice My country asks, harden my soul to shed it !--Was not that thunder ?

CTESIPHON.

No; I heard no sound. Now mark me, Ion !—thou shalt straight be led To the king's chamber; we shall be at hand; Nothing can give the pause. Hold ! one should watch The city's eastern portal, lest the troops, Returning from the work of plunder home, Surround us unprepared. Be that thy duty.

[To Phocion.

PHOCION.

I am to second Ion if he fail.

CTESIPHON.

He cannot fail;-I shall be nigh. What, Ion !

ION.

Who spake to me? Where am I? Friends, your pardon:

I am prepared ; yet grant me for a moment, One little moment, to be left alone.

CTESIPHON.

Be brief then, or the season of revenge Will pass. At yonder thicket we'll expect thee. [Execut all but Ion.

ION.

Methinks I breathe more freely, now my lot Is palpable, and mortals gird me round, Though my soul owns no sympathy with theirs. Some one approaches—I must hide this knife— Hide ! I have ne'er till now had ought to hide From any human eye.

[He conceals the knife in his vest.

Enter Clemanthe.

Clemanthe here !

CLEMANTHE.

Forgive me that I break upon thee thus : I meant to watch thy steps unseen; but night

Is thickening; thou art haunted by sad fancies, And 'tis more terrible to think upon thee Wandering with such companions in thy bosom, Than in the peril thou art wont to seek Beside the bed of death.

ION.

Death, sayst thou? Death? Is it not righteous when the gods decree it? And brief its sharpest agony? Yet, fairest, It is no theme for thee. Go in at once, And think of it no more.

CLEMANTHE.

Not without thee. Indeed thou art not well; thy hands are marble; Thine eyes are fix'd; let me support thee, love,— Ha! what is that gleaming within thy vest? A knife! Tell me its purpose, Ion?

ION.

No;

My oath forbids.

CLEMANTHE.

An oath ! O gentle Ion, What can have link'd thee to a cause which needs A stronger cement than a good man's word ? There's danger in it. Wilt thou keep it from me?

ION.

Alas, I must. Thou wilt know all full soon— [Voices call " Ion."]

Hark ! I am call'd.

[Act III.

CLEMANTHE.

Nay, do not leave me thus.

ION.

'Tis very sad [voices again]—I dare not stay—farewell ! [Exit.

CLEMANTHE.

It must be to Adrastus that he hastes ! If by his hand the fated tyrant die, Austere remembrance of the deed will hang Upon his delicate spirit like a cloud, And tinge its world of happy images With hues of horror. Shall I to the palace, And, as the price of my disclosure, claim His safety ? No !- 'Tis never woman's part Out of her fond misgivings to perplex The fortunes of the man to whom she cleaves ; 'Tis hers to weave all that she has of fair And bright in the dark meshes of their web Inseparate from their windings. My poor heart Hath found its refuge in a hero's love; Whatever destiny his generous soul Shape for him, 'tis its duty to be still, And trust him till it bound or break with his.

[Exit.

SCENE III.

A Chamber in the Temple.

Enter MEDON, followed by ABRA.

MEDON.

My daughter not within the temple say'st thou ? Abroad at such an hour ? Sure not alone

She wander'd : tell me truly, did not Phocion Or Ion bear her company? 'twas Ion-Confess ;- was it not he ? I shall not chide, Indeed I shall not.

ABRA.

She went forth alone; But it is true that Ion just before Had taken the same path.

MEDON.

It was to meet him. I would they were return'd; the night is grown Of an unusual blackness. Some one comes-Look if it be my daughter.

ABRA. [looking out.]

No; young Irus, The little slave, whose pretty tale of grief Agenor with so gracious a respect, This morning told us.

MEDON.

Let him come ; he bears Some message from his master.

Enter Irus.

MEDON. [to Irus.]

Thou art pale :

Has any evil happened to Agenor?

IRUS.

No, my good lord; I do not come from him; I bear to thee a scroll from one who now

[Act III.

Is number'd with the dead; he was my kinsman, But I had never seen him till he lay Upon his death-bed; for he left these shores Long before I was born, and no one knew His place of exile;—on this mournful day He landed, was plague-stricken, and expired. My gentle master gave me leave to tend His else unsolaced death-bed;—when he found The clammy chilness of the grave steal on, He call'd for parchment, and with trembling hand, That seem'd to gather firmness from its task, Wrote earnestly; conjured me take the scroll Instant to thee; and died.

[Irus gives a scroll to Medon.

MEDON. [reading the scroll.]

These are high tidings. Abra! is not Clemanthe come? I long To tell her all.

Enter Clemanthe.

MEDON.

Sit down, my pensive child. Abra, this boy is faint; see him refresh'd With food and wine before thou lett'st him pass.

IRUS.

I have too long been absent from Agenor, Who needs my slender help.

MEDON.

Nay, I will use Thy master's firmness here, and use it so As he would use it. Keep him prisoner, Abra, Till he has done my bidding.

[Exeunt Abra and Irus.

Now, Clemanthe, Though thou hast play'd the truant and the rebel, I will not be too strict in my award, By keeping from thee news of one to thee Most dear—nay, do not blush—I say most dear.

CLEMANTHE.

It is of Ion ;--no-I do not blush, But tremble. O my father, what of Ion ?

MEDON.

How often have we guess'd his lineage noble ! And now 'tis proved. The kinsman of that youth Was with another hired to murder him And to a sea-girt summit, where a rock O'erhung a chasm, by the surge's force Made terrible, rush'd with him. As the gods In mercy order'd it, the foremost ruffian, Who bore no burden, pressing through the gloom In the wild hurry of his guilty purpose, Trod at the extreme verge upon a crag Loosen'd by summer from its granite bed, And suddenly fell with it :--with his fall Sank the base daring of the man who held The infant; so he placed the unconscious babe Upon the spot where it was found by me; Watch'd till he saw the infant safe; then fled, Fearful of question; and returned to die. That child is Ion. Whom dost guess his sire ?---The first in Argos.

CLEMANTHE.

Dost thou mean Adrastus ? He cannot—must not—be that tyrant's son !

ION; A TRAGEDY.

[Act III.

MEDON.

It is most certain. Nay, my thankless girl, He hath no touch of his rash father's pride; For Nature, from whose genial lap he smiled Upon us first, hath moulded for her own The suppliant of her bounty;—thou art bless'd; Thus, let me bid thee joy.

CLEMANTHE.

Joy, say'st thou—joy ! Then I must speak—he seeks Adrastus' life; And at this moment, while we talk, may stain His soul with parricide.

MEDON.

Impossible !

Ion, the gentlest -----

CLEMANTHE.

It is true, my father; I saw the weapon gleaming in his vest : I heard him called !

MEDON.

Shall I alarm the palace?

CLEMANTHE.

No; in the fierce confusion, he would fall Before our tale could be his safeguard. Gods! Is there no hope, no refuge ?

MEDON.

Yes, if Heaven Assist us. I bethink me of a passage, Which, fashion'd by a king in pious zeal, That he might seek the altar of the god In secret, from the temple's inmost shrine Leads to the royal chamber. I have track'd it In youth for pastime. Could I thread it now, I yet might save him.

CLEMANTHE.

O, make haste, my father !

Shall I attend thee ?

MEDON.

No: thou wouldst impede My steps ;—thou art fainting ; when I have lodged thee safe In thy own chamber, I will light the torch

And instantly set forward.

CLEMANTHE.

Do not waste An instant's space on me ; speed, speed, my father— The fatal moments fly ; I need no aid ;— Thou seest I am calm, quite calm.

MEDON.

The gods protect thee ! [Exeunt severally.

END OF ACT III.

[Act IV.

ACT IV.

SCENE I.

The Royal Chamber. ADRASTUS on a couch, asleep.

Enter Ion, with the knife.

ION.

Why do 1 creep thus stealthily along With trembling steps? Am I not armed by Heaven To execute its mandate on a king Whom it hath doom'd ? And shall I falter now, While every moment that he breathes may crush Some life else happy ?-Can I be deceived, By some foul passion, crouching in my soul, Which takes a radiant form to lure me on? Assure me, gods !- Yes ; I have heard your voices ; For I dare pray ye now to nerve my arm And see me strike ! [He goes to the couch. He's smiling in his slumber, As if some happy thought of innocent days Play'd at his heart-strings : must I scare it thence With death's sharp agony ? He lies condemn'd By the high judgment of supernal Powers, And he shall know their sentence. Wake, Adrastus ! Collect thy spirits, and be strong to die !

ADRASTUS.

Who dares disturb my rest? Guards! Soldiers! Recreants! Scene I.]

Where tarry ye? Why smite ye not to earth This bold intruder ?—Ha! no weapon here !— What wouldst thou with me, ruffian ? [Rising.

ION.

I am none, But a sad instrument in Jove's great hand To take thy life, long forfeited—Prepare ! Thy hour is come !

ADRASTUS.

Villains! does no one hear?

ION.

Vex not the closing minutes of thy being With torturing hope or idle rage; thy guards, Palsied with revelry, are scatter'd senseless, While the most valiant of our Argive youths Hold every passage by which human aid Could reach thee. Present death is the award Of Powers who watch above me while I stand To execute their sentence.

ADRASTUS.

Thou !—I know thee— The youth I spared this morning, in whose ear I pour'd the secrets of my bosom. Kill me, If thou dar'st do it; but bethink thee first How the grim memory of thy thankless deed Will haunt thee to the grave !

ION.

It is most true; Thou spar'dst my life, and therefore do the gods Ordain me to this office, lest thy fall

[Act IV.

ADRASTUS.

I have none on earth. If thou hast courage, end me !

ION.

Not one friend !

Most piteous doom !

ADRASTUS.

Art melted?

ION.

If I am,

Hope nothing from my weakness; mortal arms, And eyes unseen that sleep not, gird us round, And we shall fall together. Be it so !

ADRASTUS.

No; strike at once; my hour is come: in thee I recognise the minister of Jove, And, kneeling thus, submit me to his power.

[Adrastus kneels.]

ION.

Avert thy face !

ADRASTUS.

No; let me meet thy gaze; For breathing pity lights thy features up Into more awful likeness of a form Which once shone on me ;---and which now my sense Shapes palpable-in habit of the grave, Inviting me to the sad realm where shades Of innocents, whom passionate regard Link'd with the guilty, are content to pace With them the margin of the inky flood Mournful and calm ;- 'tis surely there ;- she waves Her pallid hand in circle o'er thy head, As if to bless thee-and I bless thee too, Death's gracious angel !-Do not turn away.

ION.

Gods ! to what office have ye doom'd me !-- Now !

[Ion raises his arm to stab ADRASTUS, who is kneeling, and gazes steadfastly upon him. The voice of ME. DON is heard without, calling ION! ION !-- ION drops his arm.]

ADRASTUS.

Be quick, or thou art lost !

[As Ion has again raised his arm to strike, MEDON rushes in behind him.]

MEDON.

Ion, forbear !

Behold thy son, Adrastus !

[Ion stands for a moment stupified with horror, drops the knife, and falls senseless on the ground.]

ADRASTUS.

What strange words

ION; A TRAGEDY.

Are these which call my senses from the death They were composed to welcome ? Son ! 'tis false— I had but one—and the deep wave rolls o'er him !

MEDON.

That wave received, instead of the fair nurseling, One of the slaves who bore him from thy sight In wicked haste to slay ;—I 'll give thee proofs.

ADRASTUS.

Great Jove, I thank thee !—raise him gently—proofs ! Are there not here the lineaments of her Who made me happy once—the voice, now still, That bade the long-seal'd fount of love gush out, While with a prince's constancy he came To lay his noble life down; and the sure, The dreadful proof, that he whose guileless brow Is instinct with her spirit, stood above me, Arm'd for the traitor's deed ?—It is my child !

[Ion, reviving, sinks on one knee before Adrastus.

ION.

Father !

[Noise without.

MEDON.

The clang of arms!

ION. [starting up.]

They come ! they come ! They who are leagued with me against thy life. Here let us fall !

ADRASTUS.

I will confront them yet. Within I have a weapon which has drank [Act IV.

Scene I.]

A traitor's blood ere now ;—there will I wait them : No power less strong than death shall part us now. [*Exeunt Adrastus and Ion as to an inner chamber.*

MEDON.

Have mercy on him, gods, for the dear sake Of your most single-hearted worshipper!

Enter Ctesiphon, Cassander, and others.

CTESIPHON.

What treachery is this—the tyrant fled, And Ion fled too!—Comrades, stay this dotard, While I search yonder chamber.

MEDON.

Spare him, friends,— Spare him to clasp awhile his new-found son; Spare him as Ion's father !

CTESIPHON.

Father ! yes— That is indeed a name to bid me spare;— Let me but find him, gods ! [He rushes into the inner chamber.

MEDON. [to Cassander and the others.]

Had ye but seen What I have seen, ye would have mercy on him.

Crythes enters with soldiers.

Ha, soldiers ! hasten to defend your master ; That way-----

[As CRYTHES is about to enter the inner chamber, CTESI-PHON rushes from it with a bloody dagger, and stops them.] 8*

[Act IV.

CTESIPHON.

It is accomplished; the foul blot Is wiped away. Shade of my murder'd father, Look on thy son, and smile!

CRYTHES.

Whose blood is that?

It cannot be the king's!

CTESIPHON.

It cannot be ! Think'st thou, foul minion of a tyrant's will, He was to crush, and thou to crawl for ever ? Look there, and tremble !

CRYTHES.

Wretch ! thy life shall pay The forfeit of this deed.

[Crythes and soldiers seize Ctesiphon.

Enter Adrastus mortally wounded, supported by Ion.

ADRASTUS.

Here let me rest;— In this old chamber did my life begin, And here I'll end it: Crythes! thou hast timed Thy visit well, to bring thy soldiers hither To gaze upon my parting.

CRYTHES.

To avenge thee ;—

Here is the traitor !

ADRASTUS.

Set him free at once :--

Scene I.]

Why do ye not obey me? Ctesiphon, I gave thee cause for this;—believe me now That thy true steel has made thy vengeance sure: And as we now stand equal, I will sue For a small boon—let me not see thee more.

CTESIPHON.

Farewell !

[Exit Ctesiphon.

ADRASTUS. [to Crythes and the soldiers.]

Why do ye tarry here ? Begone !—still do ye hover round my couch ? If the commandment of a dying king Is feeble, as a man who has embraced His child for the first time since infancy, And presently must part with him for ever, I do adjure ye leave us !

Execut all but Ion and Adrastus.

ION.

O, my father ! How is it with thee now ?

ADRASTUS.

Well ; very well ;— Avenging Fate hath spent its utmost force Against me; and I gaze upon my son With the sweet certainty that nought can part us Till all is quiet here. How like a dream Seems the succession of my regal pomps Since I embraced thy helplessness! To me The interval hath been a weary one : How hath it pass'd with thee ?

ION.

But that my heart

ION; A TRAGEDY.

Hath sometimes ached for the sweet sense of kindred, I had enjoy'd a round of happy years As cherish'd youth e'er knew.

ADRASTUS.

I bless the gods That they have strewn along thy humble path Delights unblamed; and in this hour I seem Even as I had lived so; and I feel That I shall live in thee, unless that curse— Oh, if it should survive me !

ION.

Think not of it; The gods have shed such sweetness in this moment, That, howsoe'er they deal with me hereafter, I shall not deem them angry. Let me call For help to staunch thy wound; thou art strong yet, And yet may live to bless me.

ADRASTUS.

Do not stir ; My strength is ebbing fast ; yet, as it leaves me, The spirit of my stainless days of love Awakens ; and their images of joy, Which at thy voice started from blank oblivion, When thou wert strange to me, and then half-shown Look'd sadly through the mist of guilty years, Now glimmer on me in the lovely light Which at thy age they wore. Thou art all thy mother's, Her elements of gentlest virtue cast In mould heroical.

ION.

Thy speech grows fainter ; Can I do nothing for thee ?

ADRASTUS.

Yes :---my son,

Thou art the best, the bravest of a race Of rightful monarchs; thou must mount the throne Thy ancestors have fill'd, and by great deeds Efface the memory of thy fated sire, And win the blessing of the gods for men Stricken for him. Swear to me thou wilt do this, And I shall die forgiven.

ION.

I will.

ADRASTUS.

Rejoice,

Sufferers of Argos! I am growing weak, And my eyes dazzle; let me rest my hands, Ere they have lost their feeling, on thy head.— So! So!—thy hair is glossy to the touch As when I last enwreath'd its tiny curl About my finger; I did image then Thy reign excelling mine; it is fulfill'd, And I die happy. Bless thee, King of Argos!

[Dies.

ION.

He's dead! and I am fatherless again.— King did he hail me? shall I make that word A spell to bid old happiness awake Throughout the lovely land that father'd me In my forsaken childhood?

[He sees the knife on the ground, and takes it up.

Most vain dream ! This austere monitor hath bid thee vanish Ere half reveal'd. Come back, thou truant steel;

[Act IV.

Half of thy work the gods absolved thee from— The rest remains ! Lie there !

> [He conceals the knife in his vest. Shouts heard without.]

> > The voice of joy !

Is this thy funeral wailing? O my father ! Mournful and brief will be the heritage Thou leavest me; yet I promised thee in death To grasp it;—and I will embrace it now.

Enter Agenor and others.

AGENOR.

Does the king live ?

ION.

Alas ! in me. The son Of him whose princely spirit is at rest, Claims his ancestral honours.

AGENOR.

That high thought Anticipates the prayer of Argos, roused To sudden joy. The sages wait without To greet thee; wilt confer with them to-night, Or wait the morning?

ION.

Now ;—the city's state Allows the past no sorrow. I attend them. [*Execut.*]

SCENE II.

Before the Gate of the City.

PHOCION on guard.

PHOCION.

Fool that I was to take this idle office At most inglorious distance from the scene Which shall be freedom's birth-place; to endure The phantasies of danger which the soul Uncheer'd by action coldly dallies with Till it begins to shiver ! Long ere this, If Ion's hand be firm, the deed is past, And yet no shout announces that the bonds Of tyranny are broken. [Shouts at a distance. Hark! 'tis done !--

Enter Ctesiphon.

All hail, my brother freeman !—art not so ?— Thy looks are haggard—is the tyrant slain ? Is liberty achieved ?

CTESIPHON.

The king is dead ; This arm—I bless the righteous Furies !—slew him.

PHOCION.

Did Ion quail, then?

CTESIPHON.

Ion !--- clothe thy speech

ION; A TRAGEDY.

[Act IV.

In phrase more courtly; he is king of Argos, Accepted as the tyrant's son, and reigns.

PHOCION.

It cannot be; I can believe him born Of such high lineage; yet he will not change His own rich treasury of unruffled thoughts For all the frigid glories that invest The loveless store in which the monarch dwells A terror and a slave. [Shouts again.

CTESIPHON.

Dost hear that shout ? 'Tis raised for him !—the craven-hearted world Is ever eager thus to hail a lord, And patriots smite for it in vain. Our Soldiers, From the base instinct of their slavish trade, Which must be deck'd and master'd; Citizens On wretched bcds gaping for show; and Sages, Vain of a royal sophist, madly join In humble prayer that he would deign to tread Upon their necks; and he is pleased to grant it.

PHOCION.

He shall not grant it ! If my life, my sense, My heart's affections, and my tongue's free scope Wait the dominion of a mortal will, What is the sound to me, whether my soul Bears "Ion" or "Adrastus" burnt within it As my soul's owner ? Ion tyrant? No ! Grant me a moment's pleading with his heart, Which has not known a selfish throb till now, And thou shalt see him smile this greatness from him.

CTESIPHON.

Go teach the eagle when in azure heaven

He upward darts to seize his madden'd prey, Shivering through the death-circle of its fear, To pause and let it 'scape, and thou mayst win Man to forego the sparkling round of power, When it floats airily within his grasp !

PHOCION.

Why thus severe ! Our nature's common wrongs Affect thee not; and that which touch'd thee nearly Is well avenged.

CTESIPHON.

Not while the son of him Who smote my father reigns ! I little guess'd Thou wouldst require a prompter to awake The memory of the oath so freshly sworn, Or of the place assign'd to thee by lot, Should our first champion fail to crush the race-Mark me !--- " the race" of him my arm has dealt with Now is the time, the palace all confused, And the prince dizzy with strange turns of fortune, To do thy part.

PHOCION.

Have mercy on my weakness ! If thou hadst known this comrade of my sports, One of the same small household whom his mirth Unfailing gladden'd ;---if a thousand times Thou hadst, by strong prosperity made thoughtless, Touch'd his unfather'd nature in its nerve Of agony, and felt no chiding glance ;---Hadst thou beheld him overtax his strength To serve the wish his genial instinct guess'd, Till his dim smile the weariness betray'd, Which it would fain dissemble ; hadst thou known In sickness the sweet magic of his care,

Thou couldst not ask it.—Hear me, Ctesiphon !— I had a deadly fever once, and slaves, Affrighted, fled me ;—he usurp'd their place, And sooth'd my dull ear with discourse which grew By nice degrees to ravishment, till pain Seem'd an heroic sense, which made me kin To the great deeds he pictured, and the brood Of dizzy weakness flickering through the gloom Of my small curtain'd prison caught the hues Of beauty spangling out in glorious change ; And it became a luxury to lie And faintly listen. Canst thou bid me slav him ?

CTESIPHON.

The deed be mine. Thou 'lt not betray me ?

Going.

PHOCION.

Hold !

If by our dreadful compact he must fall, I will not smite him with my coward thought Winging a distant arm; I will confront him Arm'd with delicious memories of our youth, And pierce him through them all.

CTESIPHON.

Be speedy, then !

PHOCION.

Fear not that I shall prove a laggard, charged With weight of such a purpose.—Fate commands, And I live now but to perform her bidding. [Execut severally.

SCENE III.

A Terrace in the Garden of the Palace, by Moonlight.

Enter Ion and Agenor.

AGENOR.

Wilt thou not in to rest?

ION.

My rest is here— Beneath the greatness of the heavens, which awes My spirit, toss'd by sudden change, and torn By various passions, to repose. Yet age Requires more genial nourishment—pray seek it— I will but stay thee to inquire once more If any symptom of returning health Bless the wan city?

AGENOR.

No—the perishing Lift up their painful heads to bless thy name, And their eyes kindle as they utter it; But still they perish.

ION.

So !—give instant order, The rites which shall confirm me in my throne Be solemnized to-morrow.

AGENOR.

How ! so soon, While the more sacred duties to the dead Remain unpaid ?

ION; A TRAGEDY.

[Act IV.

ION.

Let them abide my time— They will not tarry long. I see thee gaze With wonder on me—do my bidding now, And trust me till to-morrow. Pray go in, The night will chill thee else.

AGENOR.

Farewell, my lord !

ION.

Now all is stillness in my breast-how soon To be displaced by more profound repose, In which no thread of consciousness shall live To feel how calm it is !--- O lamp serene, Do I lift up to thee undazzled eyes For the last time? Shall I enjoy no more Thy golden haziness which seem'd akin To my young fortune's dim felicity? And when it coldly shall embrace the urn That shall contain my ashes, will no thought Of all the sweet ones cherish'd by thy beams Awake to tremble with them? Vain regret ! The pathway of my duty lies in sunlight, And I would tread it with as firm a step, Though it should terminate in cold oblivion, As if Elysian pleasures at its close Gleam'd palpable to sight as things of earth. Who passes there ?

[Enter Phocion behind, who strikes at Ion with a dagger.]

PHOCION.

This to the king of Argos !

[Ion struggles with him, seizes the dagger, which he throws away.]

[Exit.

ION.

I will not fall by thee, poor wavering novice In the assassin's trade !—thy arm is feeble—

PHOCION.

I meant to take thy life, urged by remembrance Of yesterday's great vow.

ION.

And couldst thou think

I had forgotten?

PHOCION.

Thou ?

ION.

Couldst thou believe, That one, whose nature had been arm'd to stop The life-blood's current in a fellow's veins, Would hesitate when gentler duty turn'd His steel to nearer use ? To-morrow's dawn Shall see me wield the sceptre of my fathers : Come, watch beside my throne, and, if I fail In sternest duty which my country needs, My bosom will be open to thy steel, As now to thy embrace !

PHOCION.

Thus let me fall

Low at thy feet, and kneeling here receive Forgiveness; do not crush me with more love Than lies in the word "pardon."

9*

ION; A TRAGEDY.

[Act IV.

ION.

And that word I will not speak ;—what have I to forgive ? A devious fancy, and a muscle raised Obedient to its impulse ! Dost thou think The tracings of a thousand kindnesses, Which taught me all I guess'd of brotherhood, Are in the rashness of a moment lost ?

PHOCION.

I cannot look upon thee; let me go, And lose myself in darkness.

ION.

Nay, old playmate, We part not thus—the duties of my state Will shortly end our fellowship ; but spend A few sweet minutes with me. Dost remember How in a night like this we climb'd yon walls— Two vagrant urchins, and with tremulous joy Skimm'd through these statue.border'd walks that gleam'd In bright succession? Let us tread them now ;

And think we are but older by a day, And that the pleasant walk of yesternight

We are to night retracing. Come, my friend !---What, drooping yet ! thou wert not wont to seem So stubborn-cheerily, my Phocion-come !

[Exeunt.

END OF ACT IV.

ACT V.

SCENE I.

TIME-THE MORNING OF THE SECOND DAY.

The Terrace of the Palace-Two Soldiers on guard.

FIRST SOLDIER.

A stirring season, comrade ! our new prince Has leap'd as eagerly into his seat As he had languish'd an expectant heir Weary of nature's kindness to old age. He was esteem'd a modest stripling; strange That he should, with such reckless hurry, seize The gaudy shows of power !

SECOND SOLDIER.

'Tis honest nature ; The royal instinct was but smouldering in him, And now it blazes forth. I pray the gods He may not give us cause to mourn his sire.

FIRST SOLDIER.

No more ; he comes.

Enter Ion.

ION.

Why do ye loiter here ?

Are all the statues decked with festal wreaths As I commanded ?

FIRST SOLDIER.

We have been on guard Here, by Agenor's order, since the nightfall.

ION.

On guard ! Well, hasten now and see it done; I need no guards. [Exeunt Soldiers. The awful hour draws near; I am composed to meet it.—Phocion comes :

He will unman me; yet he must not go, Thinking his presence painful.

Enter Phocion.

Friend, good morrow ! Thou play'st the courtier early.

PHOCION.

Canst thou speak In that old tone of common cheerfulness That blithely promises delightful years, And hold thy mournful purpose ?

ION.

I have drawn From the selectest fountains of repose A blessed calm :—when I lay down to rest, I fear'd lest bright remembrances of childhood Should with untimely visitation mock me; But deep and dreamless have my slumbers been. If sight of thee renews the thoughts of life Too busily,—I prize the love that wakes them.

PHOCION.

Oh, cherish them, and let them plead with thee

To grant my prayer,—that thou wouldst live for Argos, Not die for her ;—thy gracious life shall win More than thy death the favour of the gods, And charm the marble aspect of grim Fate Into a blessed change : I, who am vow'd, And who so late was arm'd Fate's minister, Implore thee !

ION.

Speak to me no more of life ; There is a dearer name I would recall— Thou understand'st me—

Enter Agenor.

AGENOR.

Thou hast forgot to name Who shall be bidden to this evening's feast.

ION.

The feast ! most true ; I had forgotten it. Bid whom thou wilt ; but let there be large store, If our sad walls contain it, for the wretched Whom hunger palsies. It may be few else Will taste it with a relish. [Exit Agenor.

[Ion resumes his address to PHOCION, and continues it, broken by the interruptions which follow.]

I would speak A word of her who yester-morning rose To her light duties with as blithe a heart As ever yet its equal beating veil'd In moveless alabaster ;—plighted now, In liberal hour, to one whose destiny Shall freeze the sources of enjoyment in it, And make it heavy with the life-long pang A widow'd spirit bears !—

[Act IV.

Enter Cleon.

CLEON.

The heralds wait To learn the hour at which the solemn games Shall be proclaim'd.

ION.

The games !—yes, I remember That sorrow's darkest pageantries give place To youth's robustest pastimes—Death and Life Embracing :—at the hour of noon.

CLEON.

The wrestlers Pray thee to crown the victor.

ION.

If I live,

Their wish shall govern me.

Could I recall One hour, and bid thy sister think of me With gentle sorrow, as a playmate lost, I should escape the guilt of having stopp'd The pulse of hope in the most innocent soul That ever passion ruffled. Do not talk Of me as I shall seem to thy kind thoughts, But harshly as thou canst; and if thou steal From thy rich store of popular eloquence Some bitter charge against the faith of kings, "Twill be an honest treason.

Enter Cassander.

CASSANDER.

Pardon me, If I entreat thee to permit a few [Exit Cleon.

Scene I.]

Of thy once-cherish'd friends to bid thee joy Of that which swells their pride.

ION.

They 'll madden me.— Dost thou not see me circled round with care ? Urge me no more.

[As CASSANDER is going, Ion leaves Photion, and comes to him.]

Come back, Cassander ! see How greatness frets the temper. Keep this ring— It may remind thee of the pleasant hours That we have spent together, ere our fortunes Grew separate : and with thy gracious speech Excuse me to our friends. [*Exit Cassander*.

PHOCION.

'Tis time we seek

The temple.

ION.

Phocion ! must I to the temple ?

PHOCION.

There sacrificial rights must be perform'd Before thou art enthron'd.

ION.

Then I must gaze On things which will arouse the struggling thoughts I had subdued—perchance may meet with her Whose name I dare not utter. I am ready. [*Exeunt.*]

SCENE II.

The Temple.

CLEMANTHE, ABRA.

ABRA.

Be comforted, dear lady ;—he must come To sacrifice.

CLEMANTHE.

Recall that churlish word, That stubborn "must," that bounds my living hopes, As with an iron circle. He must come! How piteous is affection's state, that cleaves To such a wretched prop! I had flown to him Long before this, but that I fear'd my presence Might prove a burthen,—and he sends no word, No token that he thinks of me! Art sure That he must come? The hope has torture in it; Yet it is all my bankrupt heart hath left To feed upon.

ABRA.

I see him now with Phocion Pass through the inner court.

CLEMANTHE.

He will not come This way, then, to the place for sacrifice. I can endure no more : speed to him, Abra ; Scene II.]

And bid him, if he holds Clemanthe's life Worthy a minute's loss, to seek me here.

ABRA.

Dear lady !--

CLEMANTHE.

Do not answer me, but run, Or I shall give yon crowd of sycophants To gaze upon my sorrow.

[Exit Abra.

It is hard;

Yet I must strive to bear it, and find solace In that high fortune which has made him strange. He bends this way—but slowly—mournfully. O, he is ill; how has my slander wronged him !

Enter Ion.

ION.

What wouldst thou with me, lady?

CLEMANTHE.

Is it so?

Nothing, my lord, save to implore thy pardon, That the departing gleams of a bright dream, From which I scarce had waken'd, made me bold To crave a word with thee ;—but all are fled— And I have nought to seek.

ION.

A goodly dream; But thou art right to think it was no more, And study to forget it.

CLEMANTHE.

To forget it?

ION; A TRAGEDY.

Indeed, my lord, I cannot wish to lose What, being past, is all my future hath, All I shall live for: do not grudge me this, The brief space I shall need it.

ION.

Speak not, fair one, In tone so mournful, for it makes me feel Too sensibly the hapless wretch I am, That troubled the deep quiet of thy soul In that pure fountain which reflected heaven, For a brief taste of rapture.

CLEMANTHE.

Dost thou yet

Esteem it rapture, then? My foolish heart, Be still! Yet wherefore should a crown divide us? O, my dear Ion!--let me call thee so This once at least---it could not in my thoughts Increase the distance that there was between us, When, rich in spirit, thou to strangers' eyes Seem'd a poor foundling.

ION.

It must separate us ! Think it no harmless bauble, but a curse Will freeze the current in the voins of youth, And from familiar touch of genial hand, From household pleasures, from sweet daily tasks, From airy thoughts, free wanderer of the heavens, For ever banish me !

CLEMANTHE.

Thou dost accuse Thy state too hardly. It may give some room, [Act V.

Some little space, amidst its radiant cares, For love and joy to breathe in.

ION.

Not for me :

My pomp must be most lonesome, far removed From that sweet fellowship of human kind The slave rejoices in: my solemn robes Shall wrap me as a panoply of ice, And the attendants who may throng around me Shall want the flatteries which may basely warm The sceptral thing they circle. Dark and cold Stretches the path, which, when I wear the crown, I needs must enter :—the great gods forbid That thou shouldst follow in it !

CLEMANTHE.

O unkind!

And shall we never see each other ?

ION. [after a pause.]

Yes !

I have ask'd that dreadful question of the hills That look eternal; of the flowing streams That lucid flow for ever; of the stars, Amid whose fields of azure my raised spirit Hath trod in glory: all were dumb; but now, While I thus gaze upon thy living face, I feel the love that kindles through its beauty Can never wholly perish;—we *shall* meet Again, Clemanthe !

CLEMANTHE.

Bless thee for that name ; Call me that name again ; thy words sound strangely, Yet they breathe kindness. Shall we meet indeed ? Think not I would intrude upon thy cares, Thy councils, or thy pomps ;—to sit at distance. To weave, with the nice labour which preserves The rebel pulses even, from gay threads Faint records of thy deeds, and sometimes catch The falling music of a gracious word, Or the stray sunshine of a smile, will be Comfort enough :—do not deny me this ; Or if stern fate compel thee to deny, Kill me at once !

ION.

No; thou must live, my fair one = There are a thousand joyous things in life, Which pass unheeded in a life of joy As thine hath been, till breezy sorrow comes To ruffle it; and daily duties paid Hardly at first, at length will bring repose To the sad mind that studies to perform them. Thou dost not mark me.

CLEMANTHE.

Oh, I do ! I do !

ION.

If for thy brother's and thy father's sake Thou art content to live, the healer 'Time Will reconcile thee to the lovely things Of this delightful world,—and if another, A happier—no, I cannot bid thee love Another !—I did think I could have said it, But 'tis in vain.

CLEMANTHE.

Thou art mine own then still !

Scene II.]

I am thine own ! thus let me clasp thee; nearer; O joy too thrilling and too short !

Enter Agenor.

AGENOR.

My Lord, The sacrificial rites await thy presence.

ION.

I come.—One more embrace—the last, the last In this world ! Now farewell !

[Exit.

CLEMANTHE.

The last embrace ! Then he has cast me off !—No, 'tis not so; Some mournful secret of his fate divides us : I'll struggle to bear that, and snatch a comfort From seeing him uplifted. I will look Upon him in his throne; Minerva's shrine Will shelter me from vulgar gaze; I'll hasten, And feast my sad eyes with his greatness there !

[Exit.

 10^{*}

LIBRARY UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA

Act V.

SCENE III.

The Great Square of the City—on one side a throne of state prepared,—on the other an altar,—the statues decorated with garlands.

Enter Ctesiphon and Cassander.

CTESIPHON.

Vex me no more, by telling me, Cassander, Of his fair speech; I prize it at its worth: Thou'lt see how he will act when seated firm Upon the throne the craven tyrant fill'd, Whose blood he boasts, unless some honest arm Should shed it first.

CASSANDER.

Hast thou forgot the time When thou thyself wert eager to foretell His manhood's glory from his childish virtues ? Let me not think thee one of those fond prophets, Who are well pleased still to foretell success, So it remain their dream.

CTESIPHON.

Thou dost forget

What has chill'd fancy and delight within me-

[Music at a distance.

Hark !---servile trumpets speak his coming---watch, How power will change him. [They stand aside. Scene III.]

The procession. Enter MEDON, AGENOR, PHOLION, TIMOCLES, CLEON, Sages and People; Ion last, in royal robes. He advances amidst shouts, and speaks.

ION.

I thank you for your greeting—Shout no more, But in deep silence raise your hearts to Heaven, That it may strengthen one so young and frail As I am, for the business of this hour. Must I sit here ?

MEDON.

Permit thy earliest friend, Who has so often propp'd thy tottering steps, To lead thee to thy throne,—and thus fulfil His fondest vision.

ION.

Thou art still most kind-

MEDON.

Nay, do not think of me—my son ! my son ! What ails thee ? When thou shouldst reflect the joy Of Argos, the strange paleness of the grave Marbles thy face.

ION.

Am I indeed so pale? It is a solemn office I assume; Yet thus, with Phœbus' blessing, I embrace it.

[Sits on the throne.

Stand forth, Agenor!

AGENOR.

I await thy will.

[Act V.

ION.

To thee I look as to the wisest friend Of this afflicted people :---thou must leave Awhile the quiet which thy life hath earn'd, To rule our councils; fill the seats of justice With good men not so absolute in goodness, As to forget what human frailty is; And order my sad country.

AGENOR.

Pardon me-

ION.

Nay, I will promise 'tis my last request ; Thou never couldst deny me what I sought In boyish wantonness, and shalt not grudge Thy wisdom to me, till our state revive From its long anguish ;—it will not be long If Heaven approve me here. Thou hast all power Whether I live or die.

AGENOR.

Die! I am old--

ION.

Death is not jealous of thy mild decay, Which gently wins thee his: exulting Youth Provokes the ghastly monarch's sudden stride, And makes his horrid fingers quick to clasp His shivering prey at noontide. Let me see The captain of the guard.

CRYTHES.

I kneel to crave Humbly the favour which thy sire bestow'd On one who loved him well.

ION.

I cannot thank thee, That wakest the memory of my father's weakness; But I will not forget that thou hast shared The light enjoyments of a noble spirit, And learn'd the need of luxury. I grant For thee and thy brave comrades, ample share Of such rich treasure as my stores contain, To grace thy passage to some distant land, Where, if an honest cause engage thy sword, May glorious laurels wreath it ! In our realm We shall not need it longer.

CRYTHES.

Dost intend To banish the firm troops before whose valour Barbarian millions shrink appall'd, and leave Our city naked to the first assault Of reckless foes ?

ION.

No, Crythes !—in ourselves In our own honest hearts and chainless hands Will be our safeguard :—while we seek no use Of arms, we would not have our children blend With their first innocent wishes ; while the love Of Argos and of justice shall be one To their young reason ; while their sinews grow Firm midst the gladness of heroic sports ; We shall not ask to guard our country's peace One selfish passion, or one venal sword. I would not grieve thee ;—but thy valiant troop— For I esteem them valiant—must no more With luxury which suits a desperate camp Infect us. See that they embark, Agenor, Ere night.

[Act V.

CRYTHES.

My lord-

ION.

No more—my word hath pass'd. Medon, there is no office I can add To those thou hast grown old in ; thou wilt guard The shrine of Phœbus, and within thy home— Thy too delightful home—befriend the stranger As thou didst me :—there sometimes waste a thought On thy spoil'd inmate !

MEDON.

Think of thee, my lord ? Long shall we triumph in thy glorious reign—

ION.

Prithee no more. Argives! I have a boon To crave of you ;--whene'er I shall rejoin In death the father from whose heart in life Stern fate divided me, think gently of him ! For ye who saw him in his full-blown pride, Knew little of affections crush'd within, And wrongs which frenzied him; yet never more Let the great interests of the state depend Upon the thousand chances that may sway A piece of human frailty ! Swear to me That ye will seek hereafter in yourselves The means of sovereign rule :- our narrow space, So happy in its confines, so compact, Needs not the magic of a single name Which wider regions may require to draw Their interests into one; but, circled thus, Like a bless'd family by simple laws, May tenderly be govern'd ! all degrees

Moulded together as a single form Of nymph-like loveliness, which finest chords Of sympathy pervading shall suffuse In times of quict with one bloom, and fill With one resistless impulse, if the hosts Of foreign power should threaten. Swear to me That ye will do this !

MEDON.

Wherefore ask this now? Thou shalt live long ;—the paleness of thy face Which late appall'd me is grown radiant now, And thine eyes kindle with the prophecy Of lustrous years.

ION.

'The gods approve me then ! Yet I will use the function of a king, And claim obedience. Promise, if I leave No issue, that the sovereign power shall live In the affections of the general heart, And in the wisdom of the best.

MEDON and others.

We swear it !

ION.

Hear and record the oath, immortal powers! Now give me leave a moment to approach That altar unattended. [He goes to the altar. Gracious gods! In whose mild service my glad youth was spent, Look on me now ;—and if there is a Power, As at this solemn time I feel there is, Beyond ye, that hath breathed through all your shapes The spirit of the beautiful that lives

ION; A TRAGEDY.

[Act V.

In earth and heaven ;—to ye I offer up This conscious being, full of life and love For my dear country's welfare. Let this blow End all her sorrows!

[Stabs himself, and falls. Ctesiphon rushes to support him.]

Ctesiphon, thou art Avenged, and wilt forgive me.

CTESIPHON.

Thou hast pluck'd

The poor disguise of hatred from my soul, And made me feel how shallow is the wish Of vengeance. Could I die to save thee !

Clemanthe rushes forward.

CLEMANTHE.

Hold !

Let me support him—stand away—indeed I have best right, although ye know it not, To cling to him in death.

ION.

This is a joy I did not hope for—this is sweet indeed.— Bend thine eyes on me !

CLEMANTHE.

And for this it was Thou would'st have wean'd mc from thee? Couldst thou think

I would be so divorced?

ION.

Thou art right, Clemanthe,-

Scene III.]

It was a shallow and an idle thought! 'Tis past; no show of coldness frets us now; To vain disguise, my love. Yet thou wilt think On that which, when I feign'd, I truly said— Wilt thou not, sweet one?

CLEMANTHE.

I will treasure all.

Enter Irus.

IRUS.

I bring you glorious tidings—Ha! no joy Can enter here.

ION.

Yes—is it as I hope?

IRUS.

The pestilence abates.

ION. [springs upon his fect.]

Do ye not hear?

Why shout ye not?—ye are strong—think not of me; Hearken! the curse my ancestry had spread O'er Argos is dispell'd—Agenor, give This gentle youth his freedom, who hath brought Sweet tidings that I shall not die in vain— And Medon! cherish him as thou hast one Who dying blesses thee;—my own Clemanthe! Let this console thee also—Argos lives— The offering is accepted—all is well!

The curtain falls.





THE LIBRARY 5546 UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA Santa Barbara

STACK COLLECTION

THIS BOOK IS DUE ON THE LAST DATE STAMPED BELOW.

10m-6,'62 (C9724s4) 476D

PR



